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relating to state government; modifying appropriation to prevent water pollution from polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons; modifying certain administrative accounts; modifying electronic transaction provisions; providing for certain registration exemptions; modifying all-terrain vehicle definitions; modifying all-terrain vehicle operation restrictions; modifying state trails and canoe and boating routes; modifying fees and disposition of certain receipts; modifying certain competitive bidding exemptions; modifying horse trail pass provisions; modifying beaver dam provisions; modifying the Water Law; modifying nongame wildlife checkoffs; establishing an Environment and Natural Resources Organization Advisory Committee to advise legislature and governor on new structure for administration of environment and natural resource policies; requiring an advisory committee to consider all powers and duties of Pollution Control Agency, Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Quality Board, Board of Water and Soil Resources, Petroleum Tank Release Compensation Board, Harmful Substances Compensation Board, and Agricultural Chemical Response Compensation Board and certain powers and duties of Departments of Agriculture, Health, Transportation, and Commerce; modifying method of determining value of acquired stream easements; providing for certain historic property exemption; modifying state forest acquisition provisions; modifying certain requirements for land sales; adding to and deleting from state parks and state forests; authorizing public and private sales, conveyances, and exchanges of certain state land; amending the definition of "green economy" to include the concept of "green chemistry;' clarifying that an appropriation is to the commissioner of commerce; establishing a program to provide rebates for solar photovoltaic modules; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 84.025, subdivision 9; 84.027, subdivision 15; 84.0272, subdivision 2; 84.0856; 84.0857; 84.777, subdivision 2; 84.82, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 84.92, subdivisions 9, 10; 84.922, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 84.925, subdivision 1; 84.9256, subdivision 1; 84.928, subdivision 5; 85.012, subdivision 40; 85.015, subdivision 14; 85.22, subdivision 5; 85.32, subdivision 1; 85.41, subdivision 3; 85.42; 85.43; 85.46, as amended; 88.17, subdivisions 1, 3; 88.79, subdivision 2; 89.032, subdivision 2; 90.041, by adding a subdivision; 90.121; 90.14; 97B.665, subdivision 2; 103A.305; 103G.271, subdivision 3; 103G.285, subdivision 5; 103G.301, subdivision 6; 103G.305, subdivision 2; 103G.315, subdivision 11; 103G.515, subdivision 5; 103G.615, subdivision 2; 115A.02; 116.07, subdivisions 4, 4h; 116J.437, subdivision 1; 216B.62, by adding a subdivision; 290.431; 290.432; 473.1565, subdivision 2; Minnesota

2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9	Statutes 2009 Supplement, sections 84.415, subdivision 6; 84.793, subdivision 1; 84.9275, subdivision 1; 84.928, subdivision 1; 85.015, subdivision 13; 86A.09, subdivision 1; 103G.201; Laws 2008, chapter 368, article 1, section 34, as amended; Laws 2009, chapter 37, article 2, section 13; Laws 2009, chapter 176, article 4, section 9; Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 3, section 4, subdivision 10; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 85; 103G; 116C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 84.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8; 90.172; 97B.665, subdivision 1; 103G.295; 103G.650; Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, sections 3.3006; 84.02, subdivisions 4a, 6a, 6b.
2.10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
2.11	ARTICLE 1
2.12	CLEAN WATER FUND
2.13	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 473.1565, subdivision 2, is amended to
2.14	read:
2.15	Subd. 2. Advisory committee. (a) A Metropolitan Area Water Supply Advisory
2.16	Committee is established to assist the council in its planning activities in subdivision 1.
2.17	The advisory committee has the following membership:
2.18	(1) the commissioner of agriculture or the commissioner's designee;
2.19	(2) the commissioner of health or the commissioner's designee;
2.20	(3) the commissioner of natural resources or the commissioner's designee;
2.21	(4) the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency or the commissioner's
2.22	designee;
2.23	(5) two officials of counties that are located in the metropolitan area, appointed by
2.24	the governor;
2.25	(6) five officials of noncounty local governmental units that are located in the
2.26	metropolitan area, appointed by the governor; and
2.27	(7) the chair of the Metropolitan Council or the chair's designee, who is chair of
2.28	the advisory committee.
2.29	A local government unit in each of the seven counties in the metropolitan area must
2.30	be represented in the seven appointments made under clauses (5) and (6).
2.31	(b) Members of the advisory committee appointed by the governor serve at the
2.32	pleasure of the governor. Members of the advisory committee serve without compensation
2.33	but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses as determined by the Metropolitan
2.34	Council. The advisory committee expires December 31, <del>2010</del> 2012.
2.35	(c) The council must consider the work and recommendations of the advisory
2.36	committee when the council is preparing its regional development framework.

3.1	Section 1 applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey,
3.2	Scott, and Washington.
3.3	Sec. 3. CLEAN WATER FUND; 2009 APPROPRIATION ADJUSTMENTS.
3.4	(a) Up to \$145,000 of the money appropriated in fiscal year 2011 to the Pollution
3.5	Control Agency in Laws 2009, chapter 172, article 2, section 4, paragraph (g), for best
3.6	management practices grants to treat or clean up contaminated sediments in stormwater
3.7	ponds may be used to complete the work required by the agency for the prevention of
3.8	water pollution from polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons under Laws 2009, chapter 172,
3.9	article 2, section 28.
3.10	(b) The appropriations in fiscal years 2011 and 2012 to the Department of Natural
3.11	Resources for high-resolution digital elevation data in Laws 2009, chapter 172, article 2,
3.12	section 5, paragraph (d), are available until June 30, 2012.
3.13	Sec. 4. <u>CLEAN WATER FUND APPROPRIATIONS.</u>
3.14	Subdivision 1. Pollution Control Agency. \$615,000 in fiscal year 2011 is
3.15	appropriated from the clean water fund to the commissioner of the Pollution Control
3.16	Agency to continue rulemaking to establish water quality standards for total nitrogen and
3.17	nitrate nitrogen. This is a onetime appropriation.
3.18	Subd. 2. Department of Natural Resources. The \$5,000,000 appropriated in Laws
3.19	2009, chapter 172, article 2, section 4, paragraph (m), for activities relating to groundwater
3.20	protection or prevention of groundwater degradation is canceled and reappropriated to the
3.21	commissioner of natural resources for the following purposes:
3.22	(1) establish a groundwater monitoring network in the 11-county metropolitan area
3.23	that monitors non-stressed systems to provide information on aquifer characteristics and
3.24	natural water level trends; and
3.25	(2) develop an automated data system to capture groundwater level and water use
3.26	data to enhance the evaluation of water resource changes in aquifer systems that are
3.27	stressed by pumping of existing wells. This is a onetime appropriation and is available
3.28	until spent.
3.29	Sec. 5. <u>APPROPRIATION; WATER SUPPLY PLANNING ACTIVITIES.</u>
3.30	\$500,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2011 from the clean water fund, pursuant to
3.31	Minnesota Statutes, section 114D.50, to the Metropolitan Council to fund Metropolitan

Council water supply planning activities under section 473.1565. This appropriation is onetime and available until expended.

# Sec. 6. <u>APPROPRIATION</u>; <u>WATER QUALITY PROJECTS THROUGH</u> <u>VOLUNTEER PARTICIPATION</u>; <u>PILOT PROGRAM</u>.

\$100,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$100,000 in fiscal year 2011 are appropriated from the clean water fund to the Board of Water and Soil Resources for grants to the Star Lake Board established under Minnesota Statutes, section 103B.702, for the purpose of establishing a pilot program to engage citizen volunteers to match private sector resources to complete projects with long-term water quality restoration or protection benefits on designated star lakes and rivers. The Star Lake Board may establish and implement a grant program using money appropriated in this section only as authorized in a work program approved by the Board of Water and Soil Resources. This is a onetime appropriation.

ARTICLE 2

# ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.025, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. **Professional services support account.** The commissioner of natural resources may bill other governmental units, including tribal governments, and the various programs carried out by the commissioner for the costs of providing them with professional support services. Except as provided under section 89.421, receipts must be credited to a special account in the state treasury and are appropriated to the commissioner to pay the costs for which the billings were made.

The commissioner of natural resources shall submit to the commissioner of management and budget before the start of each fiscal year a work plan showing the estimated work to be done during the coming year, the estimated cost of doing the work, and the positions and fees that will be necessary. This account is exempted from statewide and agency indirect cost payments.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.027, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. **Electronic transactions.** (a) The commissioner may receive an application for, sell, and issue any license, stamp, permit, pass, sticker, <u>duplicate gift card</u>, safety training certification, registration, or transfer under the jurisdiction of the commissioner by electronic means, including by telephone. Notwithstanding section 97A.472, electronic and telephone transactions may be made outside of the state. The commissioner may:

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- (1) provide for the electronic transfer of funds generated by electronic transactions, including by telephone;
- (2) assign an identification number to an applicant who purchases a hunting or fishing license or recreational vehicle registration by electronic means, to serve as temporary authorization to engage in the activity requiring a license or registration until the license or registration is received or expires;
- (3) charge and permit agents to charge a fee of individuals who make electronic transactions and transactions by telephone or Internet, including issuing fees and an additional transaction fee not to exceed \$3.50;
- (4) charge and permit agents to charge a convenience fee not to exceed three percent of the cost of the license to individuals who use electronic bank cards for payment. An electronic licensing system agent charging a fee of individuals making an electronic bank card transaction in person must post a sign informing individuals of the fee. The sign must be near the point of payment, clearly visible, include the amount of the fee, and state: "License agents are allowed by state law to charge a fee not to exceed three percent of the cost of state licenses to persons who use electronic bank cards for payment. The fee is not required by state law.";
- (5) establish, by written order, an electronic licensing system commission to be paid by revenues generated from all sales made through the electronic licensing system. The commissioner shall establish the commission in a manner that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers costs involved in providing the electronic licensing system; and
  - (6) adopt rules to administer the provisions of this subdivision.
- (b) The fees established under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), and the commission established under paragraph (a), clause (5), are not subject to the rulemaking procedures of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply.
- (c) Money received from fees and commissions collected under this subdivision, including interest earned, is annually appropriated from the game and fish fund and the natural resources fund to the commissioner for the cost of electronic licensing.
  - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.0856, is amended to read:

# 84.0856 FLEET MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT.

The commissioner of natural resources may bill organizational units within the Department of Natural Resources and other governmental units, including tribal governments, for the costs of providing them with equipment. Costs billed may include acquisition, licensing, insurance, maintenance, repair, and other direct costs as determined

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by the commissioner. Receipts and interest earned on the receipts shall be credited to a special account in the state treasury and are appropriated to the commissioner to pay the costs for which the billings were made.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.0857, is amended to read:

#### 84.0857 FACILITIES MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT.

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- (a) The commissioner of natural resources may bill organizational units within the Department of Natural Resources and other governmental units, including tribal governments, for the costs of providing them with building and infrastructure facilities. Costs billed may include modifications and adaptations to allow for appropriate building occupancy, building code compliance, insurance, utility services, maintenance, repair, and other direct costs as determined by the commissioner. Receipts shall be credited to a special account in the state treasury and are appropriated to the commissioner to pay the costs for which the billings were made.
- (b) Money deposited in the special account from the proceeds of a sale under section 94.16, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), is appropriated to the commissioner to acquire facilities or renovate existing buildings for administrative use or to acquire land for, design, and construct administrative buildings for the Department of Natural Resources.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 84.415, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Supplemental application fee and monitoring fee.** (a) In addition to the application fee and utility crossing fees specified in Minnesota Rules, the commissioner of natural resources shall assess the applicant for a utility license the following fees:
- (1) a supplemental application fee of \$1,500 for a public water crossing license and a supplemental application fee of \$4,500 \$1,000 for a public lands crossing license, to cover reasonable costs for reviewing the application and preparing the license; and
- (2) a monitoring fee to cover the projected reasonable costs for monitoring the construction of the utility line and preparing special terms and conditions of the license to ensure proper construction. The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of the monitoring fee before the applicant submits the fee.
- (b) The applicant shall pay fees under this subdivision to the commissioner of natural resources. The commissioner shall not issue the license until the applicant has paid all fees in full.
- (c) Upon completion of construction of the improvement for which the license or permit was issued, the commissioner shall refund the unobligated balance from the

monitoring fee revenue. The commissioner shall not return the application fees, even if the application is withdrawn or denied.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.777, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 2. **Off-highway vehicle seasons** seasonal restrictions. (a) The commissioner shall prescribe seasons for off-highway vehicle use on state forest lands. Except for designated forest roads, a person must not operate an off-highway vehicle on state forest lands: (1) outside of the seasons prescribed under this paragraph; or (2) during the firearms deer hunting season in areas of the state where deer may be taken by rifle. This paragraph does not apply to a person in possession of a valid deer hunting license operating an off-highway vehicle before or after legal shooting hours or from 11:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.
  - (b) The commissioner may designate and post winter trails on state forest lands for use by off-highway vehicles.
  - (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "state forest lands" means forest lands under the authority of the commissioner as defined in section 89.001, subdivision 13, and lands managed by the commissioner under section 282.011.
  - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 84.793, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  - Subdivision 1. **Prohibitions on youthful operators.** (a) After January 1, 1995, A person less than 16 years of age operating an off-highway motorcycle on public lands or waters must possess a valid off-highway motorcycle safety certificate issued by the commissioner.
  - (b) Except for operation on public road rights-of-way that is permitted under section 84.795, subdivision 1, a driver's license issued by the state or another state is required to operate an off-highway motorcycle along or on a public road right-of-way.
    - (c) A person under 12 years of age may not:
    - (1) make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way;
    - (2) operate an off-highway motorcycle on a public road right-of-way in the state; or
  - (3) operate an off-highway motorcycle on public lands or waters unless accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older or participating in an event for which the commissioner has issued a special use permit.
  - (d) Except for public road rights-of-way of interstate highways, a person less than 16 years of age may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway only if that person is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older who holds a valid driver's license.

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8.1	(e) A person less than 16 years of age may operate an off-highway motorcycle on
8.2	public road rights-of-way in accordance with section 84.795, subdivision 1, paragraph
8.3	(a), only if that person is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older who holds a
8.4	valid driver's license.
8.5	(f) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a nonresident less than 16 years of age may
8.6	operate an off-highway motorcycle on public lands or waters if the nonresident youth has
8.7	in possession evidence of completing an off-road safety course offered by the Motorcycle
8.8	Safety Foundation or another state as provided in section 84.791, subdivision 4.
8.9	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.82, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
8.10	Subd. 3. Fees for registration. (a) The fee for registration of each snowmobile,
8.11	other than those used for an agricultural purpose, as defined in section 84.92, subdivision
8.12	1c, or those registered by a dealer or manufacturer pursuant to clause (b) or (c) shall be as
8.13	follows: \$45 for three years and \$4 for a duplicate or transfer.
8.14	(b) The total registration fee for all snowmobiles owned by a dealer and operated for
8.15	demonstration or testing purposes shall be \$50 per year.
8.16	(c) The total registration fee for all snowmobiles owned by a manufacturer and
8.17	operated for research, testing, experimentation, or demonstration purposes shall be \$150
8.18	per year. Dealer and manufacturer registrations are not transferable.
8.19	(d) The onetime fee for registration of an exempt snowmobile under subdivision
8.20	<u>6a is \$6.</u>
8.21	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.82, is amended by adding a subdivision to
8.22	read:
8.23	Subd. 6a. Exemption; collector unlimited snowmobile use. Snowmobiles may be
8.24	issued an exempt registration if the machine is at least 25 years old. Exempt registration is
8.25	valid from the date of issuance until ownership of the snowmobile is transferred. Exempt
8.26	registrations are not transferable.
8.27	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.92, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
8.28	Subd. 9. Class 1 all-terrain vehicle. "Class 1 all-terrain vehicle" means an
8.29	all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of less than 900 1,000 pounds.
8.30	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.92, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

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Subd. 10. Class 2 all-terrain vehicle. "Class 2 all-terrain vehicle" means an

all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of 900 1,000 to 1,500 1,800 pounds.

9.1	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.922, is amended by adding a subdivision
9.2	to read:
9.3	Subd. 2b. Collector unlimited use; exempt registration. All-terrain vehicles may
9.4	be issued an exempt registration if requested and the machine is at least 25 years old.
9.5	Exempt registration is valid from the date of issuance until ownership of the all-terrain
9.6	vehicle is transferred. Exempt registrations are not transferable.
9.7	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.922, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
9.8	Subd. 5. Fees for registration. (a) The fee for a three-year registration of
9.9	an all-terrain vehicle under this section, other than those registered by a dealer or
9.10	manufacturer under paragraph (b) or (c), is:
9.11	(1) for public use, \$45;
9.12	(2) for private use, \$6; and
9.13	(3) for a duplicate or transfer, \$4.
9.14	(b) The total registration fee for all-terrain vehicles owned by a dealer and operated
9.15	for demonstration or testing purposes is \$50 per year. Dealer registrations are not
9.16	transferable.
9.17	(c) The total registration fee for all-terrain vehicles owned by a manufacturer and
9.18	operated for research, testing, experimentation, or demonstration purposes is \$150 per
9.19	year. Manufacturer registrations are not transferable.
9.20	(d) The onetime fee for registration of an all-terrain vehicle under subdivision 2b
9.21	<u>is \$6.</u>
9.22	(e) The fees collected under this subdivision must be credited to the all-terrain
9.23	vehicle account.
9.24	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.925, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
9.25	Subdivision 1. Program established. (a) The commissioner shall establish a
9.26	comprehensive all-terrain vehicle environmental and safety education and training
9.27	program, including the preparation and dissemination of vehicle information and safety
9.28	advice to the public, the training of all-terrain vehicle operators, and the issuance of
9.29	all-terrain vehicle safety certificates to vehicle operators over the age of 12 years who
9.30	successfully complete the all-terrain vehicle environmental and safety education and
9.31	training course.
9.32	(b) For the purpose of administering the program and to defray a portion of the

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expenses of training and certifying vehicle operators, the commissioner shall collect a fee

of \$15 from each person who receives the training. The commissioner shall collect a fee,

to include a \$1 issuing fee for licensing agents, for issuing a duplicate all-terrain vehicle safety certificate. The commissioner shall establish the fee for a duplicate all-terrain vehicle safety certificate that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers costs, including overhead costs, involved in providing the service. Fee proceeds, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents under this subdivision, shall be deposited in the all-terrain vehicle account in the natural resources fund. In addition to the fee established by the commissioner, instructors may charge each person the cost of up to the established fee amount for class material materials and expenses.

- (c) The commissioner shall cooperate with private organizations and associations, private and public corporations, and local governmental units in furtherance of the program established under this section. School districts may cooperate with the commissioner and volunteer instructors to provide space for the classroom portion of the training. The commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in regard to training program subject matter and performance testing that leads to the certification of vehicle operators. By June 30, 2003, the commissioner shall incorporate a riding component in the safety education and training program.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.9256, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

  Subdivision 1. **Prohibitions on youthful operators.** (a) Except for operation on

  public road rights-of-way that is permitted under section 84.928, a driver's license issued

  by the state or another state is required to operate an all-terrain vehicle along or on a
  - (b) A person under 12 years of age shall not:

public road right-of-way.

- (1) make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way;
- (2) operate an all-terrain vehicle on a public road right-of-way in the state; or
- (3) operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands or waters, except as provided in paragraph (f).
- (c) Except for public road rights-of-way of interstate highways, a person 12 years of age but less than 16 years may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway or operate on public lands and or waters or state or grant-in-aid trails, only if that person possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner and is accompanied on another all-terrain vehicle by a person 18 years of age or older who holds a valid driver's license.
- (d) To be issued an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate, a person at least 12 years old, but less than 16 years old, must:

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- (1) successfully complete the safety education and training program under section 84.925, subdivision 1, including a riding component; and
- (2) be able to properly reach and control the handle bars and reach the foot pegs while sitting upright on the seat of the all-terrain vehicle.
- (e) A person at least 11 years of age may take the safety education and training program and may receive an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate under paragraph (d), but the certificate is not valid until the person reaches age 12.
- (f) A person at least ten years of age but under 12 years of age may operate an all-terrain vehicle with an engine capacity up to 90cc on public lands or waters if accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.
  - (g) A person under 15 years of age shall not operate a class 2 all-terrain vehicle.
- (h) A person under the age of 16 may not operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands or waters or on state or grant-in-aid trails if the person cannot properly reach and control the handle bars and reach the foot pegs while sitting upright on the seat of the all-terrain vehicle.
- (i) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a nonresident at least 12 years old, but less than 16 years old, may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway or operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands or waters or state or grant-in-aid trails if:
- (1) the nonresident youth has in possession evidence of completing an all-terrain safety course offered by the ATV Safety Institute or another state as provided in section 84.925, subdivision 3; and
- 11.23 (2) the nonresident youth is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older who
  11.24 holds a valid driver's license.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 84.9275, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  - Subdivision 1. **Pass required; fee.** (a) A nonresident may not operate an all-terrain vehicle on a state or grant-in-aid all-terrain vehicle trail unless the operator carries a valid nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail pass in immediate possession. The pass must be available for inspection by a peace officer, a conservation officer, or an employee designated under section 84.0835.
  - (b) The commissioner of natural resources shall issue a pass upon application and payment of a \$20 fee. The pass is valid from January 1 through December 31. Fees collected under this section, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents, shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the all-terrain vehicle account in the natural

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- resources fund and, except for the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision 15, must be used for grants-in-aid to counties and municipalities for all-terrain vehicle organizations to construct and maintain all-terrain vehicle trails and use areas.
  - (c) A nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail pass is not required for:
- (1) an all-terrain vehicle that is owned and used by the United States, another state, or a political subdivision thereof that is exempt from registration under section 84.922, subdivision 1a; or
- (2) a person operating an all-terrain vehicle only on the portion of a trail that is owned by the person or the person's spouse, child, or parent; or
- 12.11 (3) a nonresident operating an all-terrain vehicle that is registered according to section 84.922.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 84.928, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  - Subdivision 1. **Operation on roads and rights-of-way.** (a) Unless otherwise allowed in sections 84.92 to 84.928, a person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle in this state along or on the roadway, shoulder, or inside bank or slope of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway.
  - (b) A person may operate a class 1 all-terrain vehicle in the ditch or the outside bank or slope of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway unless prohibited under paragraph (d) or (f).
  - (c) A person may operate a class 2 all-terrain vehicle within the public road right-of-way of a county state-aid or county highway on the extreme right-hand side of the road and left turns may be made from any part of the road if it is safe to do so under the prevailing conditions, unless prohibited under paragraph (d) or (f). A person may operate a class 2 all-terrain vehicle on the bank or ditch of a public road right-of-way on a designated class 2 all-terrain vehicle trail.
  - (d) A road authority as defined under section 160.02, subdivision 25, may after a public hearing restrict the use of all-terrain vehicles in the public road right-of-way under its jurisdiction.
  - (e) The restrictions in paragraphs (a), (d), (h), (i), and (j) do not apply to the operation of an all-terrain vehicle on the shoulder, inside bank or slope, ditch, or outside bank or slope of a trunk, interstate, county state-aid, or county highway:
  - (1) that is part of a funded grant-in-aid trail; or
    - (2) when the all-terrain vehicle is:

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- (1) owned by or operated under contract with a publicly or privately owned utility or pipeline company; and
  - (2) used for work on utilities or pipelines.
- (f) The commissioner may limit the use of a right-of-way for a period of time if the commissioner determines that use of the right-of-way causes:
  - (1) degradation of vegetation on adjacent public property;
- 13.7 (2) siltation of waters of the state;

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- (3) impairment or enhancement to the act of taking game; or
- 13.9 (4) a threat to safety of the right-of-way users or to individuals on adjacent public property.

The commissioner must notify the road authority as soon as it is known that a closure will be ordered. The notice must state the reasons and duration of the closure.

- (g) A person may operate an all-terrain vehicle registered for private use and used for agricultural purposes on a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway in this state if the all-terrain vehicle is operated on the extreme right-hand side of the road, and left turns may be made from any part of the road if it is safe to do so under the prevailing conditions.
- (h) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle within the public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway from April 1 to August 1 in the agricultural zone unless the vehicle is being used exclusively as transportation to and from work on agricultural lands. This paragraph does not apply to an agent or employee of a road authority, as defined in section 160.02, subdivision 25, or the Department of Natural Resources when performing or exercising official duties or powers.
- (i) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle within the public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway between the hours of one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise, except on the right-hand side of the right-of-way and in the same direction as the highway traffic on the nearest lane of the adjacent roadway.
- (j) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle at any time within the right-of-way of an interstate highway or freeway within this state.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.928, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Organized contests, use of highways and public lands and waters.** (a) Nothing in this section or chapter 169 prohibits the use of all-terrain vehicles within the right-of-way of a state trunk or county state-aid highway or upon public lands or waters under the jurisdiction of the commissioner of natural resources, in an organized contest or

event, subject to the consent of the official or board having jurisdiction over the highway
or public lands or waters.

- (b) In permitting the contest or event, the official or board having jurisdiction may prescribe restrictions or conditions as they may deem advisable.
- (c) Notwithstanding section 84.9256, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), a person under 12 years of age may operate an all-terrain vehicle in an organized contest on public lands or waters, if the all-terrain vehicle has an engine capacity of 90cc or less, the person complies with section 84.9256, subdivision 1, paragraph (h), and the person is supervised by a person 18 years of age or older.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 85.015, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 13. Arrowhead Region Trails, in Cook, Lake, St. Louis, Pine, Carlton, Koochiching, and Itasca Counties. (a)(1) The Taconite Trail shall originate at Ely in St. Louis County and extend southwesterly to Tower in St. Louis County, thence westerly to McCarthy Beach State Park in St. Louis County, thence southwesterly to Grand Rapids in Itasca County and there terminate;
  - (2) The C. J. Ramstad/Northshore Trail shall originate in Duluth in St. Louis County and extend northeasterly to Two Harbors in Lake County, thence northeasterly to Grand Marais in Cook County, thence northeasterly to the international boundary in the vicinity of the north shore of Lake Superior, and there terminate;
  - (3) The Grand Marais to International Falls Trail shall originate in Grand Marais in Cook County and extend northwesterly, outside of the Boundary Waters Canoe Area, to Ely in St. Louis County, thence southwesterly along the route of the Taconite Trail to Tower in St. Louis County, thence northwesterly through the Pelican Lake area in St. Louis County to International Falls in Koochiching County, and there terminate;
  - (4) The Becky Lourey Trail shall originate in Duluth in St. Louis County and extend southerly to St. Croix State Forest in Pine County.
    - (b) The trails shall be developed primarily for riding and hiking.
    - (c) In addition to the authority granted in subdivision 1, lands and interests in lands for the Arrowhead Region trails may be acquired by eminent domain. Before acquiring any land or interest in land by eminent domain the commissioner of administration shall obtain the approval of the governor. The governor shall consult with the Legislative Advisory Commission before granting approval. Recommendations of the Legislative Advisory Commission shall be advisory only. Failure or refusal of the commission to make a recommendation shall be deemed a negative recommendation.

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15.1	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.015, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
15.2	Subd. 14. Willard Munger Trail System, Chisago, Ramsey, Pine, St. Louis,
15.3	Carlton, and Washington Counties. (a) The trail shall consist of six segments. One
15.4	segment shall be known as the Gateway Trail and shall originate at the State Capitol
15.5	and extend northerly and northeasterly to William O'Brien State Park, thence northerly
15.6	to Taylors Falls in Chisago County. <del>One segment shall be known as the Boundary Trail</del>
15.7	and shall originate in Chisago County and extend into Duluth in St. Louis County. One
15.8	segment shall be known as the Browns Creek Trail and shall originate at Duluth Junction
15.9	and extend into Stillwater in Washington County. One segment shall be known as the
15.10	Munger Trail and shall originate at Hinckley in Pine County and extend through Moose
15.11	Lake in Carlton County to Duluth in St. Louis County. One segment shall be known
15.12	as the Alex Laveau Trail and shall originate in Carlton County at Carlton and extend
15.13	through Wrenshall to the Minnesota-Wisconsin border. One segment shall be established
15.14	that extends the trail to include the cities of Proctor, Duluth, and Hermantown in St.
15.15	Louis County.
15.16	(b) The Gateway and Browns Creek Trails shall be developed primarily for hiking
15.17	and nonmotorized riding and the remaining trails shall be developed primarily for riding
15.18	and hiking.
15.19	(c) In addition to the authority granted in subdivision 1, lands and interests in lands

- 15.19 (c) In addition to the authority granted in subdivision 1, lands and interests in lands
  15.20 for the Gateway and Browns Creek Trails may be acquired by eminent domain.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.22, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

  Subd. 5. **Exemption.** Purchases <u>for resale or rental made</u> from the state parks

  working capital <u>fund account</u> are exempt from competitive bidding, notwithstanding

  chapter 16C.
  - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

    Subdivision 1. **Areas marked.** The commissioner of natural resources is authorized in cooperation with local units of government and private individuals and groups when feasible to mark canoc and boating routes state water trails on the Little Fork, Big Fork, Minnesota, St. Croix, Snake, Mississippi, Red Lake, Cannon, Straight, Des Moines, Crow Wing, St. Louis, Pine, Rum, Kettle, Cloquet, Root, Zumbro, Pomme de Terre within Swift County, Watonwan, Cottonwood, Whitewater, Chippewa from Benson in Swift County to Montevideo in Chippewa County, Long Prairie, Red River of the North, Sauk, Otter Tail, Redwood, Blue Earth, and Crow Rivers which have historic and scenic values and to mark appropriately points of interest, portages, camp sites, and all dams,

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rapids, waterfalls, whirlpools, and other serious hazards which are dangerous to canoe, <u>kayak</u>, and watercraft travelers.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. **Exemptions.** (a) Participants in cross-country ski races and official school activities and residents of a state or local government operated correctional facility are exempt from the pass requirement in subdivision 1 if a special use permit has been obtained by the organizers of the event or those in an official capacity in advance from the agency with jurisdiction over the cross-country ski trail. Permits shall require that permit holders return the trail and any associated facility to its original condition if any damage is done by the permittee. Limited permits for special events may be issued and shall require the removal of any trail markers, banners, and other material used in connection with the special event.
- (b) Unless otherwise exempted under paragraph (a), students, teachers, and supervising adults engaged in school-sanctioned activities or youth activities sponsored by a nonprofit organization are exempt from the pass requirements in subdivision 1.

  Prior to the activity, the organizer of the activity or a representative from the school or organization shall notify the agency with jurisdiction over the cross-country ski trail of the date and time of the activity.
- (c) A resident that is in the armed forces of the United States, stationed outside of the state, and in the state on leave is exempt from the pass requirement in subdivision 1 if the resident possesses official military leave papers.
- (d) A resident who has served at any time during the preceding 24 months in federal active service, as defined in section 190.05, subdivision 5c, outside the United States as a member of the National Guard, or as a reserve component or active duty member of the United Stated armed forces and has been discharged from active service is exempt from the pass requirement in subdivision 1 if the resident possesses official military discharge papers.
  - Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.42, is amended to read:

# 85.42 USER FEE; VALIDITY.

(a) The fee for an annual cross-country ski pass is \$\frac{\$14}{\$19}\$ for an individual age 16 and over. The fee for a three-year pass is \$\frac{\$39}{\$54}\$ for an individual age 16 and over. This fee shall be collected at the time the pass is purchased. Three-year passes are valid for three years beginning the previous July 1. Annual passes are valid for one year beginning the previous July 1.

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- (b) The cost for a daily cross-country skier pass is \$4 \underset{\$5}\$ for an individual age 16 and over. This fee shall be collected at the time the pass is purchased. The daily pass is valid only for the date designated on the pass form.
- (c) A pass must be signed by the skier across the front of the pass to be valid and becomes nontransferable on signing.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.43, is amended to read:

#### 85.43 DISPOSITION OF RECEIPTS; PURPOSE.

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- Fees from cross-country ski passes shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a cross-country ski account in the natural resources fund and, except for the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision 15, are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for the following purposes:
- (1) grants-in-aid for cross-country ski trails sponsored by to:
- (i) local units of government counties and municipalities for construction and maintenance of cross-country ski trails; and
- 17.16 (ii) special park districts as provided in section 85.44 for construction and
  17.17 maintenance of cross-country ski trails; and
  - (2) development and maintenance of state cross-country ski trails.
- 17.19 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.46, as amended by Laws 2009, chapter 37, article 1, sections 22 to 24, is amended to read:

# 85.46 HORSE <del>TRAIL</del> PASS.

- Subdivision 1. **Pass in possession.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), while riding, leading, or driving a horse on horse trails and associated day use areas on state trails, in state parks, in state recreation areas, and in state forests, on lands administered by the commissioner, a person 16 years of age or over shall carry in immediate possession a valid horse trail pass. The pass must be available for inspection by a peace officer, a conservation officer, or an employee designated under section 84.0835.
- (b) A valid horse trail pass is not required under this section for a person riding, leading, or driving a horse only on the portion of a horse trail property that is owned by the person or the person's spouse, child, parent, or guardian.
- Subd. 2. **License agents.** (a) The commissioner of natural resources may appoint agents to issue and sell horse trail passes. The commissioner may revoke the appointment of an agent at any time.

- (b) The commissioner may adopt additional rules as provided in section 97A.485, subdivision 11. An agent shall observe all rules adopted by the commissioner for the accounting and handling of passes according to section 97A.485, subdivision 11.
- (c) An agent must promptly deposit and remit all money received from the sale of passes, except issuing fees, to the commissioner.
- Subd. 3. **Issuance.** The commissioner of natural resources and agents shall issue and sell horse trail passes. The pass shall include the applicant's signature and other information deemed necessary by the commissioner. To be valid, a daily or annual pass must be signed by the person riding, leading, or driving the horse, and a commercial annual pass must be signed by the owner of the commercial trail riding facility.
- Subd. 4. **Pass fees.** (a) The fee for an annual horse trail pass is \$20 for an individual 16 years of age and over. The fee shall be collected at the time the pass is purchased. Annual passes are valid for one year beginning January 1 and ending December 31.
- (b) The fee for a daily horse trail pass is \$4 for an individual 16 years of age and over. The fee shall be collected at the time the pass is purchased. The daily pass is valid only for the date designated on the pass form.
- (c) The fee for a commercial annual horse trail pass is \$200 and includes issuance of 15 passes. Additional or individual commercial annual horse trail passes may be purchased by the commercial trail riding facility owner at a fee of \$20 each. Commercial annual horse trail passes are valid for one year beginning January 1 and ending December 31 and may be affixed to the horse tack, saddle, or person. Commercial annual horse trail passes are not transferable to another commercial trail riding facility. For the purposes of this section, a "commercial trail riding facility" is an operation where horses are used for riding instruction or other equestrian activities for hire or use by others.
- Subd. 5. **Issuing fee.** In addition to the fee for a horse trail pass, an issuing fee of \$1 per pass shall be charged. The issuing fee shall be retained by the seller of the pass. Issuing fees for passes sold by the commissioner of natural resources shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the horse trail pass account in the natural resources fund and are appropriated to the commissioner for the operation of the electronic licensing system. A pass shall indicate the amount of the fee that is retained by the seller.
- Subd. 6. **Disposition of receipts.** Fees collected under this section, except for the issuing fee, shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the horse trail pass account in the natural resources fund. Except for the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision 15, the fees are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for trail acquisition, trail and facility development, and maintenance, enforcement, and rehabilitation of horse trails or

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trails authorized for horse use, whether for riding, leading, or driving, on state trails and in state parks, state recreation areas, and state forests land administered by the commissioner.

Subd. 7. **Duplicate horse trail passes.** The commissioner of natural resources and agents shall issue a duplicate pass to a person or commercial trail riding facility owner whose pass is lost or destroyed using the process established under section 97A.405, subdivision 3, and rules adopted thereunder. The fee for a duplicate horse trail pass is \$2, with an issuing fee of 50 cents.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 86A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Master plan required.** No construction of new facilities or other development of an authorized unit, other than repairs and maintenance, shall commence until the managing agency has prepared and submitted to the commissioner of natural resources and the commissioner has reviewed, pursuant to this section, a master plan for administration of the unit in conformity with this section. No master plan is required for wildlife management areas that do not have resident managers, <u>for scientific and natural areas</u>, for water access sites, for aquatic management areas, for rest areas, or for boater waysides.

- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 88.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Permit Permission required.** (a) A permit Permission to start a fire to burn vegetative materials and other materials allowed by Minnesota Statutes or official state rules and regulations may be given by the commissioner or the commissioner's agent. This permission shall be in the form of:
  - (1) a written permit issued by a forest officer, fire warden, or other person authorized by the commissioner; <del>or</del>
  - (2) an electronic permit issued by the commissioner, an agent authorized by the commissioner, or an Internet site authorized by the commissioner; or
  - (3) a general permit adopted by the county board of commissioners according to paragraph (c).
  - (b) <u>Written and electronic</u> burning permits shall set the time and conditions by which the fire may be started and burned. The permit shall also specifically list the materials that may be burned. The permittee must have the permit on their person and shall produce the permit for inspection when requested to do so by a forest officer, conservation officer, or other peace officer. The permittee shall remain with the fire at all times and before leaving the site shall completely extinguish the fire. A person shall not start or cause a

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fire to be started on any land that is not owned or under their legal control without the written permission of the owner, lessee, or an agent of the owner or lessee of the land. Violating or exceeding the permit conditions shall constitute a misdemeanor and shall be cause for the permit to be revoked.

- (c) A general burning permit may be adopted by the county board of commissioners in counties that are determined by the commissioner either to not be wildfire areas as defined in section 88.01, subdivision 6, or to otherwise have low potential for damage to life and property from wildfire. The commissioner shall consider the history of and potential for wildfire; the distribution of trees, brush, grasslands, and other vegetative material; and the distribution of property subject to damage from escaped fires. Upon a determination by the commissioner and adoption by a vote of the county board, permission for open burning is extended to all residents in the county without the need for individual written or electronic permits under this subdivision, provided burning conforms to all other provisions of this chapter, including those related to responsibility to control and extinguish fires, no burning of prohibited materials, and liability for damages caused by violations of this chapter.
- (d) Upon adoption of a general burning permit, a county must establish specific regulations by ordinance, to include at a minimum the time when and conditions under which fires may be started and burned. No ordinance may be less restrictive than state law.
- (e) At any time when the commissioner or the county board determines that a general burning permit is no longer in the public interest, the general permit may be canceled by the commissioner or the county board.
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 88.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 3. **Special permits.** The following special permits are required at all times, including when the ground is snow-covered:
  - (a) **Fire training.** A permit to start a fire for the instruction and training of firefighters, including liquid fuels training, may be given by the commissioner or agent of the commissioner. Except for owners or operators conducting fire training in specialized industrial settings pursuant to applicable federal, state, or local standards, owners or operators conducting open burning for the purpose of instruction and training of firefighters with regard to structures must follow the techniques described in a document entitled: Structural Burn Training Procedures for the Minnesota Technical College System.
  - (b) **Permanent tree and brush open burning sites.** A permit for the operation of a permanent tree and brush burning site may be given by the commissioner or agent of the commissioner. Applicants for a permanent open burning site permit shall submit a

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complete application on a form provided by the commissioner. Existing permanent tree
and brush open burning sites must submit for a permit within 90 days of the passage of
this statute for a burning permit. New site applications must be submitted at least 90
days before the date of the proposed operation of the permanent open burning site. The
application must be submitted to the commissioner and must contain:

- (1) the name, address, and telephone number of all owners of the site proposed for use as the permanent open burning site;
- (2) if the operator for the proposed permanent open burning site is different from the owner, the name, address, and telephone number of the operator;
- (3) a general description of the materials to be burned, including the source and estimated quantity, dimensions of the site and burn pile areas, hours and dates of operation, and provisions for smoke management; and
- (4) a topographic or similarly detailed map of the site and surrounding area within a one mile circumference showing all structures that might be affected by the operation of the site.

Only trees, tree trimmings, or brush that cannot be disposed of by an alternative method such as chipping, composting, or other method shall be permitted to be burned at a permanent open burning site. A permanent tree and brush open burning site must be located <u>and operated</u> so as not to create a nuisance or endanger water quality. The <u>commissioner shall revoke the permit or order actions to mitigate threats to public health</u>, safety, and the environment in the event that permit conditions are violated.

- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 88.79, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 2. Charge for service; receipts to special revenue fund. Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, the commissioner of natural resources may charge the owner, by written order published in the State Register, establish fees the commissioner determines to be fair and reasonable that are charged to owners receiving such services such sums as the commissioner shall determine to be fair and reasonable under subdivision 1. The charges must account for differences in the value of timber and other benefits. The receipts from such the services shall be credited to the special revenue fund and are annually appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes specified in subdivision 1.
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 90.041, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 21.33 <u>Subd. 9.</u> Reoffering unsold timber. To maintain and enhance forest ecosystems on state forest lands, the commissioner may reoffer timber tracts remaining unsold under the

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22.1	provisions of section 90.101 below appraised value at public auction with the required
22.2	30-day notice under section 90.101, subdivision 2.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 90.121, is amended to read:

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# 90.121 INTERMEDIATE AUCTION SALES; MAXIMUM LOTS OF 3,000 CORDS.

- (a) The commissioner may sell the timber on any tract of state land in lots not exceeding 3,000 cords in volume, in the same manner as timber sold at public auction under section 90.101, and related laws, subject to the following special exceptions and limitations:
- (1) the commissioner shall offer all tracts authorized for sale by this section separately from the sale of tracts of state timber made pursuant to section 90.101;
- (2) no bidder may be awarded more than 25 percent of the total tracts offered at the first round of bidding unless fewer than four tracts are offered, in which case not more than one tract shall be awarded to one bidder. Any tract not sold at public auction may be offered for private sale as authorized by section 90.101, subdivision 1, to persons eligible under this section at the appraised value; and
- (3) no sale may be made to a person having more than 20 30 employees. For the purposes of this clause, "employee" means an individual working for salary or wages on a full-time or part-time basis.
- (b) The auction sale procedure set forth in this section constitutes an additional alternative timber sale procedure available to the commissioner and is not intended to replace other authority possessed by the commissioner to sell timber in lots of 3,000 cords or less.
- (c) Another bidder or the commissioner may request that the number of employees a bidder has pursuant to paragraph (a), clause (3), be confirmed if there is evidence that the bidder may be ineligible due to exceeding the employee threshold. The commissioner shall request information from the commissioner of labor and industry including the premiums paid by the bidder in question for workers' compensation insurance coverage for all employees of the bidder. The commissioner shall review the information submitted by the commissioner of labor and industry and make a determination based on the information as to whether the bidder is eligible.
  - Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 90.14, is amended to read:

#### 22.33 **90.14 AUCTION SALE PROCEDURE.**

- (a) All state timber shall be offered and sold by the same unit of measurement as it was appraised. No tract shall be sold to any person other than the purchaser in whose name the bid was made. The commissioner may refuse to approve any and all bids received and cancel a sale of state timber for good and sufficient reasons.
- (b) The purchaser at any sale of timber shall, immediately upon the approval of the bid, or, if unsold at public auction, at the time of purchase at a subsequent sale under section 90.101, subdivision 1, pay to the commissioner a down payment of 15 percent of the appraised value. In case any purchaser fails to make such payment, the purchaser shall be liable therefor to the state in a civil action, and the commissioner may reoffer the timber for sale as though no bid or sale under section 90.101, subdivision 1, therefor had been made.
- (c) In lieu of the scaling of state timber required by this chapter, a purchaser of state timber may, at the time of payment by the purchaser to the commissioner of 15 percent of the appraised value, elect in writing on a form prescribed by the attorney general to purchase a permit based solely on the appraiser's estimate of the volume of timber described in the permit, provided that the commissioner has expressly designated the availability of such option for that tract on the list of tracts available for sale as required under section 90.101. A purchaser who elects in writing on a form prescribed by the attorney general to purchase a permit based solely on the appraiser's estimate of the volume of timber described on the permit does not have recourse to the provisions of section 90.281.
- (d) In the case of a public auction sale conducted by a sealed bid process, tracts shall be awarded to the high bidder, who shall pay to the commissioner a down payment of 15 percent of the appraised value within ten business days of receiving a written award notice that must be received or postmarked within 14 days of the date of the sealed bid opening. If a purchaser fails to make the down payment, the purchaser is liable for the down payment to the state and the commissioner may offer the timber for sale to the next highest bidder as though no higher bid had been made.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided by law, at the time the purchaser signs a permit issued under section 90.151, the <u>commissioner shall require the purchaser shall to make</u> a bid guarantee payment to the commissioner in an amount equal to 15 percent of the total purchase price of the permit less the down payment amount required by paragraph (b) <u>for any bid increase in excess of \$5,000 of the appraised value</u>. If <u>the a required bid</u> guarantee payment is not submitted with the signed permit, no harvesting may occur, the permit cancels, and the down payment for timber forfeits to the state. The bid guarantee

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payment forfeits to the state if the purchaser and successors in interest fail to execute an effective permit.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 97B.665, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Petition to district court.** If a beaver dam causes a threat to personal safety or a serious threat to damage property, and a person cannot obtain consent under subdivision 1, a person may petition the district court for relief. The court may order the commissioner owners of private property where beaver dams are located to take action to reduce the threat. A permit is not required for an action ordered by the court. The action may include destruction or alteration of beaver dams and removal of beaver. This subdivision does not apply to state parks, state game refuges, and federal game refuges.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103A.305, is amended to read:

#### 103A.305 JURISDICTION.

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Sections 103A.301 to 103A.341 apply if the decision of an agency in a proceeding involves a question of water policy in one or more of the areas of water conservation, water pollution, preservation and management of wildlife, drainage, soil conservation, public recreation, forest management, and municipal planning under section 97A.135; 103A.411; 103E.011; 103E.015; 103G.245; 103G.261; 103G.271; 103G.275; 103G.281; 103G.295, subdivisions 1 and 2; 103G.287; 103G.297 to 103G.311; 103G.315, subdivisions 1, 10, 11, and 12; 103G.401; 103G.405; 103I.681, subdivision 1; 115.04; or 115.05.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 103G.201, is amended to read:

# 103G.201 PUBLIC WATERS INVENTORY.

- (a) The commissioner shall maintain a public waters inventory map of each county that shows the waters of this state that are designated as public waters under the public waters inventory and classification procedures prescribed under Laws 1979, chapter 199, and shall provide access to a copy of the maps and lists. As county public waters inventory maps and lists are revised according to this section, the commissioner shall send a notification or a copy of the maps and lists to the auditor of each affected county.
- (b) The commissioner is authorized to revise the list map of public waters established under Laws 1979, chapter 199, to reclassify those types 3, 4, and 5 wetlands previously identified as public waters wetlands under Laws 1979, chapter 199, as public waters or as wetlands under section 103G.005, subdivision 19. The commissioner may only reclassify public waters wetlands as public waters if:

(1) they are assigned a shoreland management classification by the commis	sioner
under sections 103F.201 to 103F.221;	

- (2) they are classified as lacustrine wetlands or deepwater habitats according to Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States (Cowardin, et al., 1979 edition); or
- (3) the state or federal government has become titleholder to any of the beds or shores of the public waters wetlands, subsequent to the preparation of the public waters inventory map filed with the auditor of the county, pursuant to paragraph (a), and the responsible state or federal agency declares that the water is necessary for the purposes of the public ownership.
- (c) The commissioner must provide notice of the reclassification to the local government unit, the county board, the watershed district, if one exists for the area, and the soil and water conservation district. Within 60 days of receiving notice from the commissioner, a party required to receive the notice may provide a resolution stating objections to the reclassification. If the commissioner receives an objection from a party required to receive the notice, the reclassification is not effective. If the commissioner does not receive an objection from a party required to receive the notice, the reclassification of a wetland under paragraph (b) is effective 60 days after the notice is received by all of the parties.
- (d) The commissioner shall give priority to the reclassification of public waters wetlands that are or have the potential to be affected by public works projects.
- (e) The commissioner may revise the public waters inventory map <del>and list</del> of each county:
  - (1) to reflect the changes authorized in paragraph (b); and
- 25.25 (2) as needed, to:

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- 25.26 (i) correct errors in the original inventory;
  - (ii) add or subtract trout stream tributaries within sections that contain a designated trout stream following written notice to the landowner;
  - (iii) add depleted quarries, and sand and gravel pits, when the body of water exceeds 50 acres and the shoreland has been zoned for residential development; and
- 25.31 (iv) add or subtract public waters that have been created or eliminated as a requirement of a permit authorized by the commissioner under section 103G.245.
- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103G.271, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Permit restriction during summer months.** The commissioner must not modify or restrict the amount of appropriation from a groundwater source authorized in a

26.1	water use permit issued to irrigate agricultural land under section 103G.295, subdivision
26.2	2, between May 1 and October 1, unless the commissioner determines the authorized
26.3	amount of appropriation endangers a domestic water supply.

# Sec. 38. [103G.282] MONITORING TO EVALUATE IMPACTS FROM APPROPRIATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Monitoring equipment. The commissioner may require the installation and maintenance of monitoring equipment to evaluate water resource impacts from permitted appropriations and proposed projects that require a permit. Monitoring for water resources that supply more than one appropriator must be designed to minimize costs to individual appropriators.

- Subd. 2. Measuring devices required. Monitoring installations required under subdivision 1 must be equipped with automated measuring devices to measure water levels, flows, or conditions. The commissioner may determine the frequency of measurements and other measuring methods based on the quantity of water appropriated or used, the source of water, potential connections to other water resources, the method of appropriating or using water, seasonal and long-term changes in water levels, and any other facts supplied to the commissioner.
- Subd. 3. Reports and costs. (a) Records of water measurements under subdivision 2 must be kept for each installation. The measurements must be reported annually to the commissioner on or before February 15 of the following year in a format or on forms prescribed by the commissioner.
- (b) The owner or person in charge of an installation for appropriating or using waters of the state or a proposal that requires a permit is responsible for all costs related to establishing and maintaining monitoring installations and to measuring and reporting data. Monitoring costs for water resources that supply more than one appropriator may be distributed among all users within a monitoring area determined by the commissioner and assessed based on volumes of water appropriated and proximity to resources of concern.
- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103G.285, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

  Subd. 5. **Trout streams.** Permits issued after June 3, 1977, to appropriate water

  from streams designated trout streams by the commissioner's orders under section 97C.021

  97C.005 must be limited to temporary appropriations.

# Sec. 40. [103G.287] GROUNDWATER APPROPRIATIONS.

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27.1	Subdivision 1. Waiver. The commissioner may waive a limitation or requirement in
27.2	subdivisions 2 to 6 for just cause.
27.3	Subd. 2. Applications for groundwater appropriations. Groundwater use permit
27.4	applications are not complete until the applicant has supplied:
27.5	(1) a water well record as required by section 103I.205, subdivision 9, information
27.6	on the subsurface geologic formations penetrated by the well and the formation or aquifer
27.7	that will serve as the water source, and geologic information from test holes drilled to
27.8	locate the site of the production well;
27.9	(2) the maximum daily, seasonal, and annual pumpage rates and volumes being
27.10	requested;
27.11	(3) information on groundwater quality in terms of the measures of quality
27.12	commonly specified for the proposed water use and details on water treatment necessary
27.13	for the proposed use;
27.14	(4) an inventory of existing wells within 1-1/2 miles of the proposed production well
27.15	or within the area of influence, as determined by the commissioner. The inventory must
27.16	include information on well locations, depths, geologic formations, depth of the pump or
27.17	intake, pumping and nonpumping water levels, and details of well construction; and
27.18	(5) the results of an aquifer test completed according to specifications approved by
27.19	the commissioner. The test must be conducted at the maximum pumping rate requested
27.20	in the application and for a length of time adequate to assess or predict impacts to other
27.21	wells and surface water and groundwater resources. The permit applicant is responsible
27.22	for all costs related to the aquifer test, including the construction of groundwater and
27.23	surface water monitoring installations, and water level readings before, during, and after
27.24	the aquifer test.
27.25	Subd. 3. Relationship to surface water resources. Groundwater appropriations
27.26	that have potential impacts to surface waters are subject to applicable provisions in
27.27	section 103G.285.
27.28	Subd. 4. Protection of groundwater supplies. The commissioner may establish
27.29	water appropriation limits to protect groundwater resources. When establishing water
27.30	appropriation limits to protect groundwater resources, the commissioner must consider
27.31	current and projected water levels and water supply management objectives in section
27.32	<u>103G.265</u> , subdivision 1.
27.33	Subd. 5. Groundwater management areas. The commissioner may designate
27.34	groundwater management areas and limit total annual water appropriations and uses
27.35	within a designated area to ensure future supplies. Water appropriations and uses within a
27.36	designated management area must be consistent with a plan approved by the commissioner

28.1	that addresses water conservation requirements and water allocation priorities established
28.2	in section 103G.261.

- Subd. 6. Interference with other wells. The commissioner may issue water use permits for appropriation from groundwater only if the commissioner determines that adequate water supplies are available for the proposed use without reducing water levels beyond the reach of public water supply and private domestic wells constructed according to Minnesota Rules, chapter 4725.
- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103G.301, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 6. **Filing application.** (a) An application for a permit must be filed with the commissioner and if the proposed activity for which the permit is requested is within a municipality, or is within or affects a watershed district or a soil and water conservation district, a copy of the application with maps, plans, and specifications must be served on the mayor of the municipality, the secretary of the board of managers of the watershed district, and the secretary of the board of supervisors of the soil and water conservation district.
  - (b) If the application is required to be served on a local governmental unit under this subdivision, proof of service must be included with the application and filed with the commissioner.
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103G.305, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Exception.** The requirements of subdivision 1 do not apply to applications for a water use permit for:
- 28.22 (1) appropriations from waters of the state for irrigation, under section 103G.295;
- 28.23 (2) appropriations for diversion from the basin of origin of more than 2,000,000 gallons per day average in a 30-day period; or
- 28.25 (3) (2) appropriations with a consumptive use of more than 2,000,000 gallons per day average for a 30-day period.
- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103G.315, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 11. **Limitations on permits.** (a) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, a permit issued by the commissioner under this chapter is subject to:
- 28.31 (1) cancellation by the commissioner at any time if necessary to protect the public interests;

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(2) further conditions on the term of the permit or its cancellation as the commissioner may prescribe and amend and reissue the permit; and

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- (3) applicable law existing before or after the issuance of the permit.
- (b) Permits issued to irrigate agricultural land <del>under section 103G.295, or considered issued,</del> are subject to this subdivision and are subject to cancellation by the commissioner upon the recommendation of the supervisors of the soil and water conservation district where the land to be irrigated is located.
- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103G.515, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 5. **Removal of hazardous dams.** Notwithstanding any provision of this section or of section 103G.511 relating to cost sharing or apportionment, the commissioner, within the limits of legislative appropriation, may assume or pay the entire cost of removal of a privately or publicly owned dam upon determining removal provides the lowest cost solution and:
  - (1) that continued existence of the structure presents a significant public safety hazard, or prevents restoration of an important fisheries resource; or
  - (2) that public or private property is being damaged due to partial failure of the structure, and that an attempt to assess costs of removal against the private or public owner would be of no avail.
  - Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103G.615, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
    - Subd. 2. **Fees.** (a) The commissioner shall establish a fee schedule for permits to control or harvest aquatic plants other than wild rice. The fees must be set by rule, and section 16A.1283 does not apply, but the rule must not take effect until 45 legislative days after it has been reported to the legislature. The fees shall be based upon the cost of receiving, processing, analyzing, and issuing the permit, and additional costs incurred after the application to inspect and monitor the activities authorized by the permit, and enforce aquatic plant management rules and permit requirements.
    - (b) A fee for a permit for the control of rooted aquatic vegetation for each contiguous parcel of shoreline owned by an owner may be charged. This fee may not be charged for permits issued in connection with purple loosestrife control or lakewide Eurasian water milfoil control programs.
  - (c) A fee may not be charged to the state or a federal governmental agency applying for a permit.

30.1	(d) A fee for a permit for the control of rooted aquatic vegetation in a public
30.2	water basin that is 20 acres or less in size shall be one-half of the fee established under
30.3	paragraph (a).
30.4	(e) The money received for the permits under this subdivision shall be deposited in
30.5	the treasury and credited to the water recreation account.
30.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective August 1, 2010.
30.7	Sec. 46. [103G.651] REMOVING SUNKEN LOGS FROM PUBLIC WATERS
30.8	PROHIBITED.
30.9	The commissioner of natural resources must not issue leases to remove sunken logs
30.10	or issue permits for the removal of sunken logs from public waters.
30.11	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 115A.02, is amended to read:
30.12	115A.02 LEGISLATIVE DECLARATION OF POLICY; PURPOSES.
30.13	(a) It is the goal of this chapter to protect the state's land, air, water, and other natural
30.14	resources and the public health by improving waste management in the state to serve
30.15	the following purposes:
30.16	(1) reduction in the amount and toxicity of waste generated;
30.17	(2) separation and recovery of materials and energy from waste;
30.18	(3) reduction in indiscriminate dependence on disposal of waste;
30.19	(4) coordination of solid waste management among political subdivisions; and
30.20	(5) orderly and deliberate development and financial security of waste facilities
30.21	including disposal facilities.
30.22	(b) The waste management goal of the state is to foster an integrated waste
30.23	management system in a manner appropriate to the characteristics of the waste stream
30.24	and thereby protect the state's land, air, water, and other natural resources and the public
30.25	health. The following waste management practices are in order of preference:
30.26	(1) waste reduction and reuse;
30.27	(2) waste recycling;
30.28	(3) composting of <u>source-separated compostable materials</u> , including but not limited
30.29	to, yard waste and food waste;
30.30	(4) resource recovery through mixed municipal solid waste composting or
30.31	incineration;

- (5) land disposal which produces no measurable methane gas or which involves the retrieval of methane gas as a fuel for the production of energy to be used on-site or for sale; and
- (6) land disposal which produces measurable methane and which does not involve the retrieval of methane gas as a fuel for the production of energy to be used on-site or for sale.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. **Rules and standards.** (a) Pursuant and subject to the provisions of chapter 14, and the provisions hereof, the Pollution Control Agency may adopt, amend and rescind rules and standards having the force of law relating to any purpose within the provisions of Laws 1967, chapter 882, for the prevention, abatement, or control of air pollution.

Any such rule or standard may be of general application throughout the state, or may be limited as to times, places, circumstances, or conditions in order to make due allowance for variations therein. Without limitation, rules or standards may relate to sources or emissions of air contamination or air pollution, to the quality or composition of such emissions, or to the quality of or composition of the ambient air or outdoor atmosphere or to any other matter relevant to the prevention, abatement, or control of air pollution.

(b) Pursuant and subject to the provisions of chapter 14, and the provisions hereof, the Pollution Control Agency may adopt, amend, and rescind rules and standards having the force of law relating to any purpose within the provisions of Laws 1969, chapter 1046, for the collection, transportation, storage, processing, and disposal of solid waste and the prevention, abatement, or control of water, air, and land pollution which may be related thereto, and the deposit in or on land of any other material that may tend to cause pollution. The agency shall adopt such rules and standards for sewage sludge, addressing the intrinsic suitability of land, the volume and rate of application of sewage sludge of various degrees of intrinsic hazard, design of facilities, and operation of facilities and sites. Any such rule or standard may be of general application throughout the state or may be limited as to times, places, circumstances, or conditions in order to make due allowance for variations therein. Without limitation, rules or standards may relate to collection, transportation, processing, disposal, equipment, location, procedures, methods, systems or techniques or to any other matter relevant to the prevention, abatement or control of water, air, and land pollution which may be advised through the control of collection, transportation, processing, and disposal of solid waste and sewage sludge, and the deposit in or on land of any other material that may tend to cause pollution. By January 1, 1983,

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the rules for the management of sewage sludge shall include an analysis of the sewage
sludge determined by the commissioner of agriculture to be necessary to meet the soil
amendment labeling requirements of section 18C.215.

- (c) The rules for the disposal of solid waste shall include site-specific criteria to prohibit solid waste disposal determine site suitability based on the area's sensitivity to groundwater contamination, including site-specific testing. The rules shall provide criteria for locating landfills based on a site's sensitivity to groundwater contamination.

  Sensitivity to groundwater contamination is based on the predicted minimum time of travel of groundwater contaminants from the solid waste to the compliance boundary. The rules shall prohibit landfills in areas where karst is likely to develop. The rules shall specify testable or otherwise objective thresholds for these criteria. The rules shall also include modifications to financial assurance requirements under subdivision 4h that ensure the state is protected from financial responsibility for future groundwater contamination. The financial assurance and siting modifications to the rules specified in this paragraph do not apply to:
- (1) solid waste facilities initially permitted before January 1, 2011, including future contiguous expansions and noncontiguous expansions within 600 yards of a permitted boundary;
- (2) solid waste disposal facilities that accept only construction and demolition debris and incidental nonrecyclable packaging, and facilities that accept only industrial waste that is limited to wood, concrete, porcelain fixtures, shingles, or window glass resulting from the manufacture of construction materials; and
  - (3) requirements for permit by rule solid waste disposal facilities.
- (d) Until the rules are modified as provided in paragraph (c) to include site-specific criteria to prohibit areas from determine site suitability for solid waste disposal due to groundwater contamination sensitivity, as required under this section, the agency shall not issue a permit for a new solid waste disposal facility, except for:
- (1) the reissuance of a permit for a land disposal facility operating as of March 1, 2008;
  - (2) a permit to expand a land disposal facility operating as of March 1, 2008, beyond its permitted boundaries, including expansion on land that is not contiguous to, but is located within 600 yards of, the land disposal facility's permitted boundaries;
- 32.33 (3) a permit to modify the type of waste accepted at a land disposal facility operating as of March 1, 2008;
- 32.35 (4) a permit to locate a disposal facility that accepts only construction debris as defined in section 115A.03, subdivision 7;

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(5) a permit to locate a disposal facility that:

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- (i) accepts boiler ash from an electric energy power plant that has wet scrubbed units or has units that have been converted from wet scrubbed units to dry scrubbed units as those terms are defined in section 216B.68;
- (ii) is on land that was owned on May 1, 2008, by the utility operating the electric energy power plant; and
- (iii) is located within three miles of the existing ash disposal facility for the power plant; or
- (6) a permit to locate a new solid waste disposal facility for ferrous metallic minerals regulated under Minnesota Rules, chapter 6130, or for nonferrous metallic minerals regulated under Minnesota Rules, chapter 6132.
- (e) Pursuant and subject to the provisions of chapter 14, and the provisions hereof, the Pollution Control Agency may adopt, amend and rescind rules and standards having the force of law relating to any purpose within the provisions of Laws 1971, chapter 727, for the prevention, abatement, or control of noise pollution. Any such rule or standard may be of general application throughout the state, or may be limited as to times, places, circumstances or conditions in order to make due allowances for variations therein. Without limitation, rules or standards may relate to sources or emissions of noise or noise pollution, to the quality or composition of noises in the natural environment, or to any other matter relevant to the prevention, abatement, or control of noise pollution.
- (f) As to any matters subject to this chapter, local units of government may set emission regulations with respect to stationary sources which are more stringent than those set by the Pollution Control Agency.
- (g) Pursuant to chapter 14, the Pollution Control Agency may adopt, amend, and rescind rules and standards having the force of law relating to any purpose within the provisions of this chapter for generators of hazardous waste, the management, identification, labeling, classification, storage, collection, treatment, transportation, processing, and disposal of hazardous waste and the location of hazardous waste facilities. A rule or standard may be of general application throughout the state or may be limited as to time, places, circumstances, or conditions. In implementing its hazardous waste rules, the Pollution Control Agency shall give high priority to providing planning and technical assistance to hazardous waste generators. The agency shall assist generators in investigating the availability and feasibility of both interim and long-term hazardous waste management methods. The methods shall include waste reduction, waste separation, waste processing, resource recovery, and temporary storage.

(h) The Pollution Control Agency shall give highest priority in the consideration of permits to authorize disposal of diseased shade trees by open burning at designated sites to evidence concerning economic costs of transportation and disposal of diseased shade trees by alternative methods.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116.07, subdivision 4h, is amended to read:

Subd. 4h. **Financial responsibility rules.** (a) The agency shall adopt rules requiring the operator or owner of a solid waste disposal facility to submit to the agency proof of the operator's or owner's financial capability to provide reasonable and necessary response during the operating life of the facility and for a minimum of 30 years after closure for a mixed municipal solid waste disposal facility or for a minimum of 20 years after closure, as determined by agency rules, for any other solid waste disposal facility, and to provide for the closure of the facility and postclosure care required under agency rules. Proof of financial responsibility is required of the operator or owner of a facility receiving an original permit or a permit for expansion after adoption of the rules. Within 180 days of the effective date of the rules or by July 1, 1987, whichever is later, proof of financial responsibility is required of an operator or owner of a facility with a remaining capacity of more than five years or 500,000 cubic yards that is in operation at the time the rules are adopted. Compliance with the rules and the requirements of paragraph (b) is a condition of obtaining or retaining a permit to operate the facility.

(b) A municipality, as defined in section 475.51, subdivision 2, including a sanitary district, that owns or operates a solid waste disposal facility that was in operation on May 15, 1989, may meet its financial responsibility for all or a portion of the contingency action portion of the reasonable and necessary response costs at the facility by pledging its full faith and credit to meet its responsibility.

The pledge must be made in accordance with the requirements in chapter 475 for issuing bonds of the municipality, and the following additional requirements:

- (1) The governing body of the municipality shall enact an ordinance that clearly accepts responsibility for the costs of contingency action at the facility and that reserves, during the operating life of the facility and for the time period required in paragraph (a) after closure, a portion of the debt limit of the municipality, as established under section 475.53 or other law, that is equal to the total contingency action costs.
- (2) The municipality shall require that all collectors that haul to the facility implement a plan for reducing solid waste by using volume-based pricing, recycling incentives, or other means.

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- (3) When a municipality opts to meet a portion of its financial responsibility by relying on its authority to issue bonds, it shall also begin setting aside in a dedicated long-term care trust fund money that will cover a portion of the potential contingency action costs at the facility, the amount to be determined by the agency for each facility based on at least the amount of waste deposited in the disposal facility each year, and the likelihood and potential timing of conditions arising at the facility that will necessitate response action. The agency may not require a municipality to set aside more than five percent of the total cost in a single year.
- (4) A municipality shall have and consistently maintain an investment grade bond rating as a condition of using bonding authority to meet financial responsibility under this section.
- (5) The municipality shall file with the commissioner of revenue its consent to have the amount of its contingency action costs deducted from state aid payments otherwise due the municipality and paid instead to the remediation fund created in section 116.155, if the municipality fails to conduct the contingency action at the facility when ordered by the agency. If the agency notifies the commissioner that the municipality has failed to conduct contingency action when ordered by the agency, the commissioner shall deduct the amounts indicated by the agency from the state aids in accordance with the consent filed with the commissioner.
- (6) The municipality shall file with the agency written proof that it has complied with the requirements of paragraph (b).
- (c) The method for proving financial responsibility under paragraph (b) may not be applied to a new solid waste disposal facility or to expansion of an existing facility, unless the expansion is a vertical expansion. Vertical expansions of qualifying existing facilities cannot be permitted for a duration of longer than three years.
- (d) The commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of management and budget for guidance on the forms of financial assurance that are acceptable for private owners and public owners, and in carrying out a periodic review of the adequacy of financial assurance for solid waste disposal facilities. Financial assurance rules shall allow financial mechanisms to public owners of solid waste disposal facilities that are appropriate to their status as subdivisions of the state.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290.431, is amended to read:

# 290.431 NONGAME WILDLIFE CHECKOFF.

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Every individual who files an income tax return or property tax refund claim form may designate on their original return that \$1 or more shall be added to the tax or deducted from the refund that would otherwise be payable by or to that individual and paid into an account to be established for the management of nongame wildlife. The commissioner of revenue shall, on the income tax return and the property tax refund claim form, notify filers of their right to designate that a portion of their tax or refund shall be paid into the nongame wildlife management account. The sum of the amounts so designated to be paid shall be credited to the nongame wildlife management account for use by the nongame program of the section of wildlife in the Department of Natural Resources. All interest earned on money accrued, gifts to the program, contributions to the program, and reimbursements of expenditures in the nongame wildlife management account shall be credited to the account by the commissioner of management and budget, except that gifts or contributions received directly by the commissioner of natural resources and directed by the contributor for use in specific nongame field projects or geographic areas shall be handled according to section 84.085, subdivision 1. The commissioner of natural resources shall submit a work program for each fiscal year and semiannual progress reports to the Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources in the form determined by the commission. None of the money provided in this section may be expended unless the commission has approved the work program.

The state pledges and agrees with all contributors to the nongame wildlife management account to use the funds contributed solely for the management of nongame wildlife projects and further agrees that it will not impose additional conditions or restrictions that will limit or otherwise restrict the ability of the commissioner of natural resources to use the available funds for the most efficient and effective management of nongame wildlife. The commissioner may use funds appropriated for nongame wildlife programs for the purpose of developing, preserving, restoring, and maintaining wintering habitat for neotropical migrant birds in Latin America and the Caribbean under agreement or contract with any nonprofit organization dedicated to the construction, maintenance, and repair of such projects that are acceptable to the governmental agency having jurisdiction over the land and water affected by the projects. Under this authority, the commissioner may execute agreements and contracts if the commissioner determines that the use of the funds will benefit neotropical migrant birds that breed in or migrate through the state.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290.432, is amended to read:

# 290.432 CORPORATE NONGAME WILDLIFE CHECKOFF.

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A corporation that files an income tax return may designate on its original return that \$1 or more shall be added to the tax or deducted from the refund that would otherwise be payable by or to that corporation and paid into the nongame wildlife management account established by section 290.431 for use by the section of wildlife in the Department of Natural Resources for its nongame wildlife program. The commissioner of revenue shall, on the corporate tax return, notify filers of their right to designate that a portion of their tax return be paid into the nongame wildlife management account for the protection of endangered natural resources. All interest earned on money accrued, gifts to the program, contributions to the program, and reimbursements of expenditures in the nongame wildlife management account shall be credited to the account by the commissioner of management and budget, except that gifts or contributions received directly by the commissioner of natural resources and directed by the contributor for use in specific nongame field projects or geographic areas shall be handled according to section 84.085, subdivision 1. The commissioner of natural resources shall submit a work program for each fiscal year to the Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources in the form determined by the commission. None of the money provided in this section may be spent unless the commission has approved the work program.

The state pledges and agrees with all corporate contributors to the nongame wildlife account to use the funds contributed solely for the nongame wildlife program and further agrees that it will not impose additional conditions or restrictions that will limit or otherwise restrict the ability of the commissioner of natural resources to use the available funds for the most efficient and effective management of those programs.

- Sec. 52. Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 3, section 4, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- 37.25 Subd. 10. Transfers In

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- 37.26 (a) By June 30, 2010, the commissioner of
- management and budget shall transfer any
- remaining balance, estimated to be \$98,000,
- 37.29 from the stream protection and improvement
- 37.30 fund under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 37.31 103G.705, to the general fund. Beginning
- in fiscal year 2011, all repayment of loans
- 37.33 made and administrative fees assessed under
- 37.34 Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.705,

38.1	estimated to be \$195,000 in 2011, must be
38.2	transferred to the general fund.
38.3	(b) The balance of surcharges on criminal and
38.4	traffic offenders, estimated to be \$900,000,
38.5	and credited to the game and fish fund
38.6	under Minnesota Statutes, section 357.021,
38.7	subdivision 7, and collected before June 30,
38.8	2010, must be transferred to the general fund.
38.9	(c) The appropriation in <u>Laws 2007</u> , <u>First</u>
38.10	Special Session chapter 2, article 1, section
38.11	8, transferred to the appropriation in Laws
38.12	2007, First Special Session chapter 2, article
38.13	1, section 5, for cost-share flood programs
38.14	in southeastern Minnesota, is reduced by
38.15	\$335,000 and that amount is canceled to the
38.16	general fund.
38.17	(d) Before June 30, 2011, the commissioner
38.18	of management and budget shall transfer
38.19	\$1,000,000 from the fleet management
38.20	account in the special revenue fund
38.21	established under Minnesota Statutes, section
38.22	84.0856, to the general fund.
38.23	Sec. 53. SUBSURFACE SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEMS ORDINANCE
38.24	ADOPTION DELAY.
38.25	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 115.55, subdivision 2, a county may
38.26	adopt an ordinance by February 4, 2012, to comply with the February 4, 2008, revisions to
38.27	subsurface sewage treatment system rules. A county must continue to enforce its current
38.28	ordinance until a new one has been adopted.
38.29	(b) By January 15, 2011, the agency, after consultation with the Board of Water and
38.30	Soil Resources and the Association of Minnesota Counties, shall report to the chairs and
38.31	ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives environment and
38.32	natural resources policy and finance committees and divisions on:
38.33	(1) the technical changes in the rules for subsurface sewage treatment systems
38.34	that were adopted on February 4, 2008;

39.1	(2) the progress in local adoption of ordinances to comply with the rules; and
39.2	(3) the progress in protecting the state's water resources from pollution due to
39.3	subsurface sewage treatment systems.
39.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
39.5	Sec. 54. <u>DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES LONG-RANGE</u>
39.6	BUDGET ANALYSIS.
39.7	(a) The commissioner of natural resources, in consultation with the commissioner
39.8	of management and budget, shall estimate the total amount of funding available from all
39.9	sources for each of the following land management categories: wildlife management
39.10	areas; state forests; scientific and natural areas; aquatic management areas; public water
39.11	access sites; and prairie bank easements. The commissioner of natural resources shall
39.12	prepare a ten-year budget analysis of the department's ongoing land management needs,
39.13	including restoration of each parcel needing restoration. The analysis shall include:
39.14	(1) an analysis of the needs of wildlife management areas, including identification of
39.15	internal systemwide guidelines on the proper frequency for activities such as controlled
39.16	burns, tree and woody biomass removal, and brushland management;
39.17	(2) an analysis of state forests needs, including identification of internal systemwide
39.18	guidelines on the proper frequency for forest management activities;
39.19	(3) an analysis of scientific and natural areas needs, including identification of
39.20	internal systemwide guidelines on the proper frequency for management activities;
39.21	(4) an analysis of aquatic management areas needs, including identification of
39.22	internal systemwide guidelines on the proper frequency for management activities; and
39.23	(5) an analysis of the needs of the state's public water access sites, including
39.24	identification of internal systemwide guidelines on the proper frequency for management
39.25	activities.
39.26	(b) The commissioner shall compare the estimate of the total amount of funding
39.27	available to the department's ongoing management needs to determine:
39.28	(1) the amount necessary to manage, restore, and maintain existing wildlife
39.29	management areas, state forests, scientific and natural areas, aquatic management areas,
39.30	public water access sites, and prairie bank easements; and
39.31	(2) the amount necessary to expand upon each of the existing wildlife management
39.32	areas, state forests, scientific and natural areas, aquatic management areas, public
39.33	water access sites, and prairie bank easement programs, including the feasibility of the

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department's existing long-range plans, if applicable, for each program.

40.1	(c) The commissioner of natural resources shall submit the analysis to the chairs of
40.2	the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over environment and
40.3	natural resources finance and cultural and outdoor resources finance by October 15, 2010.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

# Sec. 55. <u>SOLID WASTE FACILITY FINANCIAL ASSURANCE</u> MECHANISMS; INPUT.

Within six months after the effective date of this section, and before publishing the rules required for groundwater sensitivity and financial assurance in Minnesota Statutes, section 116.07, subdivision 4, the Pollution Control Agency shall consult with experts and interested persons on financial assurance adequacy for solid waste facilities, including, but not limited to, staff from the Department of Natural Resources, Minnesota Management and Budget, local governments, private and public landfill operators, and environmental groups. The commissioner shall seek the input to determine the adequacy of existing financial assurance rules to address environmental risks, the length of time financial assurance is needed, based on the threat to human health and the environment, the reliability of financial assurance in covering risks from land disposal of waste in Minnesota and other states, and the role of private insurance.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

#### Sec. 56. WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS ON STATE-OWNED LANDS; REPORT.

By February 15, 2011, the commissioner of natural resources shall report to the senate and house of representatives environment and natural resource policy and finance committees and divisions on the use of state-owned lands for wind energy systems. The report shall include:

- (1) information on the benefits and costs of using state-owned lands for wind energy systems;
- 40.26 (2) the effects of wind energy systems on state-owned lands;
  - (3) recommendations for a regulatory system and restrictions that will be necessary to protect the state's land and water resources when using state-owned lands for wind energy systems; and
    - (4) identification of state-owned lands that would be suitable for wind energy systems and state-owned lands that would be unsuitable, including recommendations for restrictions on the use of state-owned lands based on their designation as units of the outdoor recreation system under Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05.

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Sec.	57. APPROPRIATION; DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
<u>PEACE</u>	OFFICER TRAINING.
<u>\$1</u>	45,000 in fiscal year 2011 is appropriated from the game and fish fund to
the com	missioner of natural resources for peace officer training for employees of the
Departm	nent of Natural Resources who are licensed under Minnesota Statutes, sections
26.84 t	o 626.863, to enforce game and fish laws. This appropriation is from the money
redited	to the game and fish fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 357.021, subdivision
', parag	raph (a), clause (1), from surcharges assessed to criminal and traffic offenders.
This is a	onetime appropriation.
Sec.	58. <u>APPROPRIATION; STATE WATER TRAILS.</u>
<u>\$6</u>	0,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2011 from the water recreation account in the
ıatural r	resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources to cooperate with local
units of	government in marking state water trails under Minnesota Statutes, section 85.32;
cquirin	g and developing river accesses and campsites; and removing obstructions that
nay cau	se public safety hazards. This is a onetime appropriation and available until spent.
Sec.	59. <u>APPROPRIATION; MOOSE TRAIL.</u>
<u>\$1</u>	00,000 in fiscal year 2011 is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources
rom the	e all-terrain vehicle account in the natural resources fund for a grant to the city of
loyt La	kes to convert the Moose Trail snowmobile trail to a dual usage trail, so that it
nay also	be used as an off-highway vehicle trail connecting the city of Biwabik to the
ron Rar	nge Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Area. This is a onetime appropriation and
s availa	ble until spent.
Sec. (	60. APPROPRIATION; ECOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION PROGRAM.
<u>\$2</u>	50,000 in fiscal year 2011 is appropriated from the heritage enhancement account
in the ga	me and fish fund to the commissioner of natural resources to maintain and expand
the ecolo	ogical classification program on state forest lands. This is a onetime appropriation
Sec.	61. PARKS AND TRAILS APPROPRIATION; LOTTERY-IN-LIEU
REVEN	<u>IUE.</u>
<u>\$3</u>	00,000 in fiscal year 2011 is appropriated from the natural resources fund to
the com	missioner of natural resources for state park, state recreation area, and state
trail ope	rations. This is from the revenue deposited in the natural resources fund under
Minnesc	ota Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e), clause (2).

\$300,000 in fiscal year 2011 is appropriated from the natural resources fund to
the Metropolitan Council for metropolitan area regional parks and trails maintenance
and operations. This is from the revenue deposited in the natural resources fund under
Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e), clause (3).
Sec. 62. <u>REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.</u>
(a) The revisor of statutes shall change the term "horse trail pass" to "horse pass"
wherever it appears in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules.
(b) The revisor of statutes shall change the term "canoe and boating routes" or
similar term to "state water trails" or similar term wherever it appears in Minnesota
Statutes and Minnesota Rules.
(c) The revisor of statutes shall change the term "Minnesota Conservation Corps" to
"Conservation Corps Minnesota" wherever it appears in Minnesota Statutes.
Sec. 63. REPEALER.
(a) Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 84.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8;
90.172; 97B.665, subdivision 1; 103G.295; and 103G.650, are repealed.
(b) Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, sections 3.3006; and 84.02, subdivisions
4a, 6a, and 6b, are repealed.
ARTICLE 3
REORGANIZATION
Section 1. ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES ORGANIZATION
ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
Subdivision 1. Membership. (a) The Environment and Natural Resources
Organization Advisory Committee of 18 members is created to advise the legislature
and governor on an organization for state agencies and local governments to administer
environment and natural resource policies. The advisory committee shall consist of:
(1) four public members appointed by the senate Subcommittee on Committees of
the Committee on Rules and Administration;
(2) two members of the senate appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the
Committee on Rules and Administration, including one member of the minority;
(3) four public members appointed by the speaker of the house;
(4) two members of the house of representatives, including one member appointed
by the speaker of the house and one member appointed by the house minority leader; and

43.1	The appointing authorities shall consider geographic balance in making the
43.2	appointments. The senate appointments must include a representative of city government.
43.3	The house of representatives appointments must include a representative from county
43.4	government. The governor's appointments must include one representing soil and water
43.5	conservation districts, one representing watershed districts, and one representing tribal
43.6	governments. All appointments to the advisory committee shall have experience or
43.7	expertise in the science, policy, or practice of the protection, conservation, preservation,
43.8	and enhancement of the state's environment and natural resources and have strong
43.9	knowledge in the state's environment and natural resource issues around the state. All
43.10	appointments shall be made by August 15, 2010.
43.11	(b) Public members of the advisory committee are entitled to reimbursement for per
43.12	diem expenses, plus travel expenses incurred in the services of the advisory committee, as
43.13	provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 15.059.
43.14	(c) Members shall elect a chair. The chair shall preside and convene meetings as
43.15	often as necessary to conduct duties prescribed by this section. Meetings of the advisory
43.16	committee shall be held in all regions of the state.
43.17	(d) The Department of Management and Budget shall provide for administrative
43.18	services to the advisory committee. The commissioner of management and budget shall
43.19	convene the first organizational meeting of the advisory committee by September 1, 2010.
43.20	Subd. 2. Duties. The advisory committee shall recommend a structure to provide an
43.21	efficient and effective organization for state agencies and local governments to administer
43.22	environment and natural resource policies. In making its recommendations, the advisory
43.23	committee shall consider structures of organization that will provide for the protection,
43.24	conservation, preservation, and enhancement of the state's environment and natural
43.25	resources and will accomplish:
43.26	(1) a reduction in redundant management personnel;
43.27	(2) accountability to the public;
43.28	(3) consolidation of project-permitting functions;
43.29	(4) professionalism in the provision of services;
43.30	(5) reduced political influence in the process;
43.31	(6) enhancing public participation and interaction with the public;
43.32	(7) alignment of services to meet current and expected future needs;
43.33	(8) utilization of new technology;
43.34	(9) providing assistance to businesses that will create and maintain jobs for the
43.35	green economy; and

44.1	(10) a reduction in overall personnel needed that will be accomplished through
44.2	attrition.
44.3	Subd. 3. Public meetings. Meetings of the advisory committee and task forces of
44.4	the advisory committee must be open to the public. For purposes of this subdivision, a
44.5	meeting occurs when a quorum is present and action is taken regarding a matter within
44.6	the jurisdiction of the advisory committee and task forces of the advisory committee.
44.7	Enforcement of this subdivision is governed by Minnesota Statutes, section 13D.06,
44.8	subdivisions 1 and 2.
44.9	Subd. 4. Intergovernmental task force. By October 15, 2010, the advisory
44.10	committee shall establish a task force to assist in coordinating state and local
44.11	environmental and natural resource programs and requirements. The membership of the
44.12	task force must include equal and broad representation of state and local government
44.13	units. By June 15, 2011, the task force shall provide a report to the advisory committee
44.14	on recommendations for coordinating, streamlining, and consolidating state and local
44.15	programs, requirements, and functions relating to natural resources and the environment.
44.16	Subd. 5. Employee participation task force. By October 15, 2010, the advisory
44.17	committee shall establish a task force to identify employer and employee issues that will
44.18	need to be considered in a reorganization of state agencies responsible for administering
44.19	environment and natural resource policies. The task force must include representatives
44.20	from both management and nonmanagement personnel from each agency affected under
44.21	sections 2 to 4. By June 15, 2011, the task force shall provide a report to the advisory
44.22	committee on employee issues to consider in reorganizing state environment and natural
44.23	resource agencies.
44.24	Subd. 6. Stakeholder task force. By October 15, 2010, the advisory committee
44.25	shall establish a stakeholder task force to provide input on stakeholder concerns
44.26	and recommendations for reorganization. Membership of the stakeholder task force
44.27	must include an equal and broad representation of environment and natural resource
44.28	stakeholders. By June 15, 2011, the task force shall provide a report to the advisory
44.29	committee on stakeholder issues to consider in reorganizing state environment and natural
44.30	resource agencies.
44.31	Subd. 7. Advisory committee report. The advisory committee shall prepare
44.32	a report on its recommendations for an efficient and effective organization for state
44.33	agencies and local governments to administer environment and natural resource policies.
44.34	By August 15, 2011, the report must be submitted to the governor and to the house of
44.35	representatives and senate environment, natural resources, and agricultural policy and

45.1	finance committees and divisions. The advisory committee report shall include copies of
45.2	the task force reports submitted under subdivisions 4 to 6.
45.3	Subd. 8. Sunset. The advisory committee and all task forces authorized by this
45.4	section expire on September 1, 2011.
45.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
45.6	Sec. 2. CONSIDERATION OF AGENCIES.
45.7	The Department of Natural Resources, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, and
45.8	the Pollution Control Agency shall be considered by the advisory committee established
45.9	under section 1.
45.10	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
45.11	Sec. 3. POWERS AND DUTIES FROM OTHER AGENCIES.
45.12	Subdivision 1. Department of Agriculture. The following powers and duties of
45.13	the Department of Agriculture shall be considered by the advisory committee established
45.14	under section 1:
45.15	(1) regulation of fertilizers, soil amendments, agricultural liming, and plant
45.16	amendments under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18C;
45.17	(2) pesticide control under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18B;
45.18	(3) agriculture chemical incident response and cleanup under Minnesota Statutes,
45.19	chapter 18D;
45.20	(4) chemical incident reimbursement under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18E;
45.21	(5) genetically engineered organisms under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18F;
45.22	(6) urban forest promotion under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.86;
45.23	(7) groundwater protection under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 103H; and
45.24	(8) oil and hazardous substance discharge preparedness under Minnesota Statutes,
45.25	chapter 115E.
45.26	Subd. 2. Department of Health. The following powers and duties of the
45.27	Department of Health shall be considered by the advisory committee established under
45.28	section 1:
45.29	(1) water well program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 103I;
45.30	(2) safe drinking water program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 144.381 to
45.31	<u>144.387;</u>
45.32	(3) health risk assessment under Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.17, subdivision
45.33	<u>10;</u>

46.1	(4) domestic water supply protection under Minnesota Statutes, sections 144.35
46.2	to 144.37;
46.3	(5) asbestos contractor licensing under Minnesota Statutes, sections 326.70 to
46.4	<u>326.81;</u>
46.5	(6) public health laboratory regulation under Minnesota Statutes, sections 144.97
46.6	<u>to 144.98;</u>
46.7	(7) lead poisoning prevention under Minnesota Statutes, sections 144.9501 to
46.8	144.9512;
46.9	(8) hazardous substance exposure under Minnesota Statutes, section 145.94;
46.10	(9) mosquito research under Minnesota Statutes, section 144.95;
46.11	(10) environmental health tracking under Minnesota Statutes, sections 144.995 to
46.12	144.998;
46.13	(11) water supply monitoring and health assessments under Minnesota Statutes,
46.14	section 116.155; and
46.15	(12) health risk limits under Minnesota Statutes, section 103H.201.
46.16	Subd. 3. Department of Commerce. The following powers and duties of the
46.17	Department of Commerce shall be considered by the advisory committee established under
46.18	section 1: energy planning and conservation under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C.
46.19	Subd. 4. Department of Transportation. The following powers and duties of the
46.20	Department of Transportation shall be considered by the advisory committee established
46.21	under section 1: oil and hazardous substance discharge preparedness under Minnesota
46.22	Statutes, chapter 115E.
46.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
46.24	Sec. 4. CONSIDERATION OF BOARDS.
46.25	The Environmental Quality Board, the Harmful Substances Compensation Board,
46.26	the Petroleum Tank Release Compensation Board, and the Agricultural Chemical
46.27	Response Compensation Board shall be considered by the advisory committee established
46.28	under section 1.
46.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
46.30	Sec. 5. APPROPRIATION.
46.31	\$30,000 in fiscal year 2011 is appropriated from the environmental fund to the
46.32	commissioner of management and budget for administrative expenses of the Environment
46.33	and Natural Resources Organization Advisory Committee and for compensation and

expense reimbursement of advisory committee members. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until September 1, 2011.

47.3 ARTICLE 4

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47.4 STATE LANDS

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.0272, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Stream easements.** (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, the commissioner may acquire permanent stream easements for angler access, fish management, and habitat work for a onetime payment based on a value attributed to both the stream and the easement corridor. The payment shall equal:
  - (1) the per linear foot of stream within the easement corridor times \$5; plus
  - (2) the easement corridor acres times the estimated market value.
  - (b) The estimated market value is equal to:
- (1) the total farm market value plus the timberlands value agricultural market value plus the rural vacant market value plus the managed forest market value; divided by
- (2) the acres of deeded farmland plus the acres of timber agricultural land plus the rural vacant land plus the managed forest land.
- (c) The total farm market value, timberlands value, acres of deeded farmland, and acres of timber agricultural market value, rural vacant market value, and managed forest market value or equivalent are determined from data collected by the Department of Revenue during its annual spring mini abstract survey. If the Department of Revenue changes its property type groups for its annual spring mini abstract survey, the agricultural market value, the rural vacant market value, and the managed forest market value shall be determined by the commissioner from data collected by the Department of Revenue in a manner that provides the most reasonable substitute for the market values as presently reported. The commissioner must use the most recent available data for the city or township within which the easement corridor is located.
- (d) The commissioner shall periodically review the easement payment rates under this subdivision to determine whether the stream easement payments reflect current shoreland market values. If the commissioner determines that the easements do not reflect current shoreland market values, the commissioner shall report to the senate and house of representatives natural resources policy committees with recommendations for changes to this subdivision that are necessary for the stream easement payment rates to reflect current shoreland market values. The recommendations may include an adjustment to the dollar amount in paragraph (a), clause (1).

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.012, subdivision 40, is amended to read:

48.2	Subd. 40. McCarthy Beach State Park, St. Louis County and Itasca Counties, which
18.3	is hereby renamed from McCarthy Beach Memorial State Park.
48.4	Sec. 3. [85.0144] HILL-ANNEX MINE STATE PARK; HISTORIC PROPERTY
48.5	EXEMPTION.
48.6	In accordance with Laws 1988, chapter 686, article 1, section 53, that provided that
48.7	mining may be conducted on Hill-Annex Mine State Park in the future and that portions
48.8	of the surface estate may be necessary for these mining operations, section 138.665,
48.9	subdivision 2, does not apply to the removal of any taconite or any iron-bearing material
48.10	stockpiles within the Hill-Annex Mine State Park.
48.11	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 89.032, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
48.12	Subd. 2. Acquisition for state forests. The commissioner may acquire lands or
48.13	interest in lands for state forest purposes. The land or interests in land may be subject
48.14	to mineral reservations.
48.15	Sec. 5. Laws 2008, chapter 368, article 1, section 34, as amended by Laws 2009,
48.16	chapter 176, article 4, section 2, is amended to read:
48.17	Sec. 34. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; HENNEPIN
48.18	COUNTY.
48.19	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 to 94.16, the commissioner
48.20	of natural resources shall sell to the city of Wayzata the surplus land that is described in
48.21	paragraph (c) upon verification that the city has acquired the adjacent parcel, currently
48.22	occupied by a gas station.
48.23	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
18.24	attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors
48.25	and ensure accuracy. The commissioner may sell the land described in paragraph (c) to
48.26	the city of Wayzata, for up to \$75,000 plus transaction costs \$1, but the conveyance must
48.27	provide that the land described in paragraph (c) be used for a public road and reverts to
48.28	the state if the city of Wayzata fails to provide for public use of the land as a road or
48.29	abandons the public use of the land.
48.30	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Hennepin County and is described as:
48.31	Tract F, Registered Land Survey No. 1168.

(d) The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the state's land management interests would best be served if the land was conveyed to the city of Wayzata.

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Laws 2009, chapter 176, article 4, section 9, is amended to read:

#### Sec. 9. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS LAND; CLEARWATER COUNTY.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 and 94.10, the commissioner of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus land that is described in paragraph (c).
- (b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors and ensure accuracy. The commissioner may sell the land to the White Earth Band of Ojibwe for less than the value of the land as determined by the commissioner \$1, but the conveyance must provide that the land be used for the public and reverts to the state if the band fails to provide for public use or abandons the public use of the land. The conveyance may reserve an easement for ingress and egress.
- (c) The land that may be sold is located in Clearwater County and is described as: the West 400 feet of the South 750 feet of Government Lot 3, Section 31, Township 145 North, Range 38 West, containing 6.89 acres, more or less.
- (d) The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land and building are no longer needed for natural resource purposes.

### Sec. 7. ADDITIONS TO STATE PARKS.

- 49.23 Subdivision 1. [85.012] [Subd. 19.] Forestville Mystery Cave State Park,
   49.24 Fillmore County. The following areas are added to Forestville Mystery Cave State Park,
   49.25 all in Fillmore County:
- (1) commencing at the northeast corner of Section 14, Township 102 North, Range
  12 West; thence West 1,608.8 feet; thence South 2 degrees 50 minutes West 1,260.4 feet;
  12 West; thence North 89 degrees 57 minutes West 656 feet; thence South 0 degrees 39 minutes
  14 West 541.4 feet; thence North 89 degrees 57 minutes West 302.7 feet; thence South 0
  15 degrees 39 minutes West 347.1 feet; thence South 89 degrees 58 minutes East 132 feet;
  16 thence South 0 degrees 39 minutes West 496 feet; thence South 89 degrees 58 minutes
- East 495 feet; thence South 54 degrees East 990 feet; thence South 39 degrees East 295
- 49.33 feet; thence South 84 degrees East 594 feet; thence South 64 degrees East 148.5 feet;

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50.1	thence South 66 degrees East 462 feet; thence North 0 degrees 45 minutes East 3763
50.2	feet to beginning;
50.3	(2) that part of the East Half of the Southeast Quarter of Section 14, Township 102
50.4	North, Range 12 West, lying North of the south bank of the North Branch Creek, also
50.5	known as Forestville Creek. Said parcel of real estate being more fully described as
50.6	follows: commencing at the northeast corner of Section 14, proceed West, a distance
50.7	of 1,608.8 feet; thence South 2 degrees 50 minutes West a distance of 1,260.4 feet;
50.8	thence North 89 degrees 57 minutes West, a distance of 656 feet; thence South 0 degrees
50.9	39 minutes West, a distance of 541.4 feet to the beginning corner. From the point of
50.10	beginning, continue North 89 degrees 57 minutes West, a distance of 302.7 feet; thence
50.11	South 0 degrees 39 minutes West a distance of 347.1 feet; thence South 89 degrees 58
50.12	minutes East, a distance of 132 feet; thence South 0 degrees 39 minutes West, a distance
50.13	of 496 feet; thence South 89 degrees 58 minutes East a distance of 363 feet; thence South
50.14	54 degrees East 990 feet; thence South 39 degrees East 295 feet; thence South 84 degrees
50.15	East 594 feet; thence South 64 degrees East 148.5 feet; thence South 66 degrees East 462
50.16	feet, to the section line; thence North on the section line, a distance of 1,783 feet; thence
50.17	North 85 degrees 34 minutes West a distance of 2,340.2 feet to the beginning corner;
50.18	(3) the South Half of the Northeast Quarter of Section 23, Township 102, Range
50.19	12, Fillmore County, Minnesota, except the South Half of the Southeast Quarter of the
50.20	Southeast Quarter of said Northeast Quarter, and also except that part thereof lying West
50.21	of the center of County Road No. 12;
50.22	(4) that part of the North Half of the Southwest Quarter of Section 23, Township
50.23	102, Range 12, Fillmore County, Minnesota, lying northerly and easterly of the following
50.24	described line: commencing at a point 288.4 feet North of the southwest corner of the
50.25	Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of said Section 23; thence North 132 feet, to
50.26	the point of beginning of the line to be described; thence East 1,800 feet, to the center
50.27	of river; thence South 6 degrees East 133 feet to intersect the hereinafter described Line
50.28	X; thence easterly along said Line X to the hereinafter described Point A; thence South,
50.29	parallel with the west line of said Southwest Quarter to the south line of said North Half of
50.30	said Southwest Quarter and said line there terminating. Said Line X and Point A being
50.31	described as follows: commencing at the southwest corner of the Northwest Quarter of
50.32	the Southwest Quarter of said Section 23; thence running North 4.37 chains; thence East,
50.33	along a line referred to as Line X in the above description, a distance of 27.25 chains to a
50.34	point referred to as Point A in the above description;
50.35	(5) the East Half of the Southeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of Section 23,
50.36	Township 102, Range 12, Fillmore County, Minnesota; and

51.1	(6) the Southeast Quarter of Section 23, Township 102, Range 12, Fillmore County,
51.2	Minnesota, except the North Half of the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of
51.3	said Southeast Quarter.
51.4	Subd. 2. [85.012] [Subd. 31.] Judge C. R. Magney State Park, Cook County.
51.5	The following areas are added to Judge C. R. Magney State Park, all in Cook County:
51.6	the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest
51.7	Quarter, and the Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, all in Section 5, Township
51.8	62 North, Range 3 East.
51.9	Subd. 3. [85.012] [Subd. 54.] Split Rock Lighthouse State Park, Lake County.
51.10	The following areas are added to Split Rock Lighthouse State Park, all in Lake County: the
51.11	Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter and the Southwest Quarter of the Northeast
51.12	Quarter, all in Section 32, Township 55 North, Range 8 West.
51.13	Subd. 4. [85.012] [Subd. 55a.] Tettegouche State Park, Lake County. The
51.14	following areas are added to Tettegouche State Park:
51.15	(1) that part of Government Lot 2, Section 15, Township 56, Range 7, Lake County,
51.16	Minnesota, described as follows: commencing at the quarter corner between said Section
51.17	15 and Section 22, Township 56, Range 7; thence East, along the section line between said
51.18	Sections 15 and 22, a distance of 503.0 feet; thence northeasterly, deflecting to the left 75
51.19	degrees 00 minutes a distance of 425.0 feet, to a point designated by a two-inch iron pipe,
51.20	being the point of beginning; thence northwesterly, to a point on the west line of said Lot 2
51.21	distant approximately 970.0 feet North of said quarter corner between Sections 15 and 22;
51.22	thence North along said west line to the northwest corner of said Lot 2; thence East, along
51.23	the north line of said Lot 2, approximately 240.0 feet; thence in a southeasterly direction
51.24	to a point on the east side of a point of rocks projecting into Lake Superior, being marked
51.25	by an X; thence in a southwesterly direction, along the shore of said Lake Superior to the
51.26	point of beginning. (X mark on rock being in line making a deflection angle of 45 degrees
51.27	51 minutes to the left with the east-west section line from a point on the section line 503.0
51.28	feet East of the quarter corner between said Sections 15 and 22 and being approximately
51.29	830 feet from said point on said section line.); and
51.30	(2) the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of Section 15, Township 56,
51.31	Range 7, Lake County, Minnesota.
51.32	Sec. 8. <u>DELETIONS FROM STATE PARKS.</u>
51.33	Subdivision 1. [85.012] [Subd. 1a.] Afton State Park, Washington County. The
51 34	following area is deleted from Afton State Park: all that part of the Southwest Quarter of

Section 3, Township 27, Range 20, Washington County, Minnesota, embraced within the
recorded plat of ALPS ESTATES.
Subd. 2. [85.012] [Subd. 14.] Crow Wing State Park, Crow Wing, Cass, and
Morrison Counties. The following areas are deleted from Crow Wing State Park:
(1) all that part of Government Lots 7 and 8, Section 24, Township 44, Range 32,
Crow Wing County, Minnesota, embraced within the recorded plat of RED RIVER
TRAIL; and
(2) all that part of Government Lot 7, Section 24, Township 44, Range 32, Crow
Wing County, Minnesota, embraced within the recorded plat of LOGGER RUN.
Subd. 3. [85.012] [Subd. 21.] Frontenac State Park, Goodhue County.
The following area is deleted from Frontenac State Park: that part of the Southeast
Quarter, Section 11, Township 112 North, Range 13 West, being described as BLOCK P,
GARRARD'S SOUTH EXTENSION TO FRONTENAC according to the plat on file and
of record in the Office of the Recorder for Goodhue County, Minnesota, including any
portions of vacated roadway which have attached thereto.
Subd. 4. [85.012] [Subd. 26.] Hayes Lake State Park, Roseau County. The
following area is deleted from Hayes Lake State Park: the West 45.00 feet of the North
160.7 feet of the South 263.58 feet of the Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of
Section 32, Township 160, Range 38, Roseau County, Minnesota.
Subd. 5. [85.012] [Subd. 40.] McCarthy Beach State Park, St. Louis and
<u>Itasca Counties.</u> The following area is deleted from McCarthy Beach State Park in
<u>Itasca County</u> : all that part of the Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 1,
Township 60 North, Range 22 West, embraced within the recorded plat of "TRUST,"
as depicted thereon.
Subd. 6. [85.012] [Subd. 41.] Maplewood State Park, Otter Tail County. The
following areas are deleted from Maplewood State Park:
(1) that part of Government Lot 4, Section 9, Township 135, Range 42, Otter Tail
County, Minnesota, embraced within the recorded plat of South Lida Shores, according to
the recorded plat thereof;
(2) that part of Government Lot 4, Section 9, Township 135, Range 42, Otter Tail
County, Minnesota, embraced within the recorded plat of Greens Isle View Addition,
according to the recorded plat thereof;
(3) that part of Government Lot 4, Section 9, Township 135, Range 42, Otter Tail
County, Minnesota, described as follows: beginning at a point located by running West
401 feet from the northeast corner of said Government Lot 4 in Section 9; thence South 47
degrees 10 minutes West 100 feet; thence South 52 degrees 19 minutes West along the

53.1	lakeshore of Lake Lida a distance of 50 feet; thence South 42 degrees 50 minutes East
53.2	200 feet; thence North 52 degrees 19 minutes East 50 feet; thence North 42 degrees 50
53.3	minutes West 100 feet; thence North 47 degrees 10 minutes East 100 feet; thence North 42
53.4	degrees 50 minutes West, 100 feet to the point of beginning;
53.5	(4) that part of Government Lot 5, Section 9, Township 135, Range 42, Otter
53.6	Tail County, Minnesota, described as follows: commencing at the northeast corner of
53.7	Government Lot 4 in said Section 9; thence on an assumed bearing of West, along the
53.8	north line of said Government Lot 4, a distance of 130 feet, to intersect the shore of South
53.9	Lida Lake, said point of intersection being the point of beginning of the tract of land to
53.10	be described; thence return on a bearing of East, a distance of 130 feet, to said northeast
53.11	corner of Government Lot 4; thence North 03 degrees 46 minutes 00 seconds West
53.12	224.40 feet, along the centerline of a township road; thence North 08 degrees 31 minutes
53.13	00 seconds East 346.60 feet along said centerline; thence North 81 degrees 14 minutes
53.14	00 seconds West 34.00 feet to the westerly line of said township road; thence North 08
53.15	degrees 31 minutes 00 seconds East along said westerly line 125.00 feet; thence North 36
53.16	degrees 09 minutes 00 seconds West 230.00 feet; thence South 71 degrees 21 minutes 00
53.17	seconds West 93.00 feet, more or less to the easterly shoreline of South Lida Lake; thence
53.18	southeasterly along said shoreline to the point of beginning; and
53.19	(5) that part of Government Lot 2, Section 33, Township 136, Range 42, Otter Tail
53.20	County, Minnesota, described as follows: commencing at the East Quarter corner of said
53.21	Section 33; thence on an assumed bearing of West, along the east-west quarter line of
53.22	said Section 33, a distance of 3,994.0 feet; thence North 25 degrees East, a distance of
53.23	308.3 feet to the southwesterly right-of-way line of a public highway; thence North 40
53.24	degrees 00 minutes West, a distance of 169.0 feet, along said right-of-way; thence South
53.25	74 degrees 43 minutes West, a distance of 70.0 feet, more or less, to the shore of South
53.26	Lida Lake; thence southwesterly, along said shoreline to the south line of said Government
53.27	Lot 2; thence on a bearing of East, along the south line of said Government Lot 2, also
53.28	being said east-west quarter line to the point of beginning.
53.29	Subd. 7. [85.012] [Subd. 54.] Split Rock Lighthouse State Park, Lake County.
53.30	The following area is deleted from Split Rock Lighthouse State Park: the Southeast
53.31	Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 31, Township 55 North, Range 8 West, Lake
53.32	County.
53.33	Sec. 9. ADDITIONS TO STATE FORESTS.
53.34	[89.021] [Subd. 32.] Lyons State Forest. The following area is added to the Lyons

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State Forest: Section 16, Township 135 North, Range 32 West, Cass County.

	Sec. 10. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; ANOKA COUNTY.
	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 and 94.10, the commissioner
0	f natural resources may sell by private sale to a political subdivision the surplus land
tŀ	at is described in paragraph (c).
	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
at	torney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors
aı	nd ensure accuracy.
	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Anoka County and is described as: the
3	ast Half of the Southeast Quarter of Section 25, Township 32 North, Range 22 West,
4	noka County, Minnesota, containing 80 acres, more or less.
	(d) The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the state's land
r	anagement interests would best be served if the land was conveyed to a political
ડા	abdivision. A political subdivision would like to use this parcel as a wetland mitigation
i	<u>te.</u>
	(e) This sale is the result of the intent expressed by the city of Columbus and Anoka
7	ounty to allow the commissioner of natural resources to replace the approximately 80
(	eres of land with land adjacent to the Carlos Avery Wildlife Management Area from
V	illing sellers as identified in the November 19, 2007, Department of Natural Resources'
a	nd acquisition plan.
	Sec. 11. PUBLIC SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
V	VATER; BELTRAMI COUNTY.
	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 92.45, the commissioner of natural
·E	esources may sell by public sale the surplus land bordering public water that is described
r	paragraph (c).
	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
11	torney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors and
eı	nsure accuracy. The conveyance must include a reservation of perpetual road easements
d	escribed in paragraph (c) to the state for ingress and egress for constructing, repairing,
m	aintaining, and operating an adjacent northern pike spawning and rearing area.
	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Beltrami County and is described as:
١	ll that part of the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter and Government Lot 1,
3	ection 21, Township 146 North, Range 31 West, bounded by the water's edge of Cass
L	ake and the following described lines: Commencing at the southwest corner of said
56	ection, thence North 00 degrees 07 minutes West, 691.2 feet on and along the west line of
Sã	aid section to the point of beginning; thence South 58 degrees 27 minutes East, 177.64

55.1	feet; thence South 65 degrees 00 minutes East, 162.35 feet; thence North 52 degrees
55.2	07 minutes East, 175.70 feet; thence North 86 degrees 05 minutes East, 232.35 feet;
55.3	thence South 41 degrees 50 minutes East, 186.35 feet; thence South 25 degrees 59 minutes
55.4	East, 122.0 feet; thence South 33 degrees 47 minutes West, 176.13 feet; thence South 26
55.5	degrees 31 minutes West, 157.26 feet; thence South 50 degrees 19 minutes East, 142.34
55.6	feet; thence North 88 degrees 05 minutes East, 66.15 feet to point "A"; thence North 67
55.7	degrees 06 minutes East, 442.0 feet; thence North 76 degrees 24 minutes East, 113.86
55.8	feet; thence North 80 degrees 48 minutes East, 88.96 feet to point "B"; thence South 17
55.9	degrees 17 minutes East, 138 feet, more or less, to the water's edge of Cass Lake and
55.10	there terminating. And from the point of beginning; thence North 00 degrees 07 minutes
55.11	West, 630.92 feet on and along the west line of said Section 21; thence South 75 degrees
55.12	27 minutes East, 206.01 feet; thence South 35 degrees 36 minutes East, 210.68 feet;
55.13	thence South 37 degrees 07 minutes East, 230.53 feet; thence South 51 degrees 18 minutes
55.14	East, 124.95 feet; thence North 55 degrees 37 minutes East, 156.60 feet; thence South 48
55.15	degrees 10 minutes East, 120.58 feet; thence South 89 degrees 59 minutes East, 197.76
55.16	feet; thence South 68 degrees 28 minutes East, 195.0 feet; thence South 38 degrees 25
55.17	minutes East, 162.17 feet; thence South 56 degrees 38 minutes East, 410.58 feet; thence
55.18	South 31 degrees 06 minutes West, 203.30 feet; thence South 80 degrees 48 minutes West,
55.19	14.84 feet; thence South 17 degrees 17 minutes East, 133 feet, more or less, to the water's
55.20	edge of Cass Lake and there terminating. Including all riparian rights to the contained
55.21	18.0 acres, more or less and subject to all existing easements.
55.22	Subject to a perpetual road easement for ingress and egress over and across the
55.23	following described land in Government Lot 1 of said section described as follows:
55.24	Beginning at point "B," said point being on the southerly boundary of the above described
55.25	tract; thence North 80 degrees 48 minutes East, 20.2 feet; thence South 17 degrees 17
55.26	minutes East, 33.33 feet; thence South 80 degrees 48 minutes West, 20.2 feet; thence
55.27	North 17 degrees 17 minutes West, 33.33 feet to point "B" and the point of beginning.
55.28	Except that part of Government Lot 1 of Section 21, Township 146 North, Range
55.29	31 West, described as follows: Commencing at the southwest corner of said Section 21;
55.30	thence North 00 degrees 07 minutes West, 1,322.12 feet along the west line of said Section
55.31	21; thence South 75 degrees 27 minutes East, 206.01 feet; thence South 35 degrees 36
55.32	minutes East, 210.68 feet; thence South 37 degrees 07 minutes East, 230.53 feet; thence
55.33	South 51 degrees 18 minutes East, 124.95 feet; thence North 55 degrees 37 minutes East,
55.34	156.60 feet; thence South 48 degrees 10 minutes East, 120.58 feet; thence South 89
55.35	degrees 59 minutes East, 197.76 feet; thence South 68 degrees 28 minutes East, 195.0
55.36	feet; thence South 38 degrees 25 minutes East, 162.17 feet; thence South 56 degrees 38

56.1	minutes East, 383.52 feet, to the point of beginning; thence South 56 degrees 38 minutes
56.2	East, 27.06 feet; thence South 31 degrees 06 minutes West, 203.30 feet; thence South 80
56.3	degrees 48 minutes West, 2.52 feet; thence North 15 degrees 31 minutes West, 46.80
56.4	feet; thence North 32 degrees 31 minutes East, 18.96 feet; thence North 59 degrees 39
56.5	minutes East, 58.56 feet; thence North 20 degrees 23 minutes East, 105.29 feet to the
56.6	point of beginning; containing 0.1 acres.
56.7	Together with a perpetual road easement for ingress and egress over and across the
56.8	Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of said section being a strip of land 33 feet
56.9	wide, lying 16.5 feet on each side of the following described lines: Commencing at the
56.10	southwest corner of said Section 21; thence North 00 degrees 07 minutes West, 656.4 feet
56.11	on and along the west line of said section to the point of beginning; thence South 42
56.12	degrees 51 minutes East, 52.16 feet; thence South 70 degrees 04 minutes East, 214.3 feet;
56.13	thence South 37 degrees 58 minutes East, 219.4 feet; thence South 49 degrees 02 minutes
56.14	East, 252.6 feet; thence South 45 degrees 15 minutes East, 152.5 feet; thence South 50
56.15	degrees 19 minutes East, 119.9 feet, to the south line of Section 21 and there terminating.
56.16	Together with a perpetual road easement for ingress and egress over and across
56.17	the northwesterly 16.5 feet of the following described land in Government Lot 1 and
56.18	the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of said section described as follows:
56.19	Beginning at point "A," said point being on the southern boundary of the above described
56.20	tract; thence North 67 degrees 06 minutes East, 442.0 feet; thence North 76 degrees 24
56.21	minutes East, 113.86 feet; thence North 80 degrees 48 minutes East, 88.96 feet; thence
56.22	South 17 degrees 17 minutes East, 33.33 feet; thence South 80 degrees 48 minutes West,
56.23	92.38 feet; thence South 76 degrees 24 minutes West, 109.91 feet; thence South 67
56.24	degrees 06 minutes West, 353.28 feet; thence South 88 degrees 05 minutes West, 92.15
56.25	feet to point "A" and the point of beginning.
56.26	(d) The land borders Cass Lake. The land was acquired for a northern pike spawning
56.27	area but has not been used for such purpose for 30 years. The Department of Natural
56.28	Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural resource purposes.
56.29	Sec. 12. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; CARLTON COUNTY.
56.30	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 and 94.10, the commissioner
56.31	of natural resources may sell by private sale to a political subdivision the surplus land
56.32	that is described in paragraph (c).
56.33	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The

and ensure accuracy.

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attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors

57.1	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Carlton County and is described as: the
57.2	Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, except state trunk
57.3	highway right-of-way, Section 26, Township 49 North, Range 17 West, containing 9.324
57.4	acres, more or less.

(d) The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural resource purposes.

# Sec. 13. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATER; CARLTON COUNTY.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1, and the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, Carlton County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
- (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
   attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure
   accuracy.
  - (c) The land to be sold is located in Carlton County and is described as:
  - (1) part of Government Lot 1 commencing 42 rods 17 links East of the northwest corner of Section 6, Township 46, Range 18; thence South 82 rods 11 links; thence West to Bear Lake; thence West on the shoreline to the section line; thence North to the northwest corner; thence East to the beginning; except the highway right-of-way and except the part northwest of Highway 35, Docket 214412 and except commencing at the northwest corner of said Government Lot 1; thence South 0 degrees 5 minutes 51 seconds West on the west line thereof 1,176.49 feet to a point on the southeast right-of-way line of the Interstate Highway 35 frontage road; thence North 51 degrees 42 minutes 51 seconds East on said right-of-way line 209.76 feet; thence South 19 degrees 45 minutes East 120.0 feet to the point of beginning; thence North 19 degrees 45 minutes West 120.0 feet; thence North 51 degrees 42 minutes 51 seconds East 80.0 feet to the MNDOT right-of-way monument; thence South 71 degrees 36 minutes 52 seconds East 216.61 feet; thence South 3 degrees 30 minutes West 195 feet, more or less, to the shore of Bear Lake; thence westerly on said shore 215 feet, more or less, to a point which bears 2 degrees 55 minutes East from the point of beginning; thence North 2 degrees 55 minutes West 150 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, on Docket 240622 and except commencing at the northwest corner of said Government Lot 1; thence East along the north line 704.22 feet; thence South parallel to the west line 1,360.26 feet to the actual point of beginning; thence North 739.16 feet, more or less, to the southeast right-of-way line of the I-35 frontage road; thence southwest

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58.1	along said right-of-way line 608.48 feet, more or less, to the MNDOT monument; thence
58.2	South 71 degrees 36 minutes 52 seconds East 216.61 feet; thence South 3 degrees 30
58.3	minutes West 195 feet, more or less, to the shore of Bear Lake; thence East on said shore
58.4	285 feet, more or less, to a point which bears North 00 degrees West from the point of
58.5	beginning; thence South 90 degrees East 15 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning,
58.6	Docket 282721 (parcel identification number 39-010-0920); and
58.7	(2) that part of Government Lot 2 lying North of Moose Horn River, Docket 262968,
58.8	272524, and 272525, Section 11, Township 46, Range 19 (parcel identification number
58.9	<u>39-030-1220).</u>
58.10	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
58.11	best be served if the land was sold to adjoining landowners.
58.12	Sec. 14. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
58.13	WATER; CARLTON COUNTY.
58.14	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,
58.15	Carlton County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in
58.16	paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
58.17	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney
58.18	general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
58.19	(c) The land to be sold is located in Carlton County and is described as:
58.20	(1) the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 27, Township 48 North,
58.21	Range 18 West (parcel number 33-010-6300);
58.22	(2) the Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, except that part East of the Kettle
58.23	River, Section 26, Township 48 North, Range 20 West (parcel number 90-010-4630); and
58.24	(3) the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter or Government Lot 5, Section
58.25	12, Township 49 North, Range 19 West (parcel number 94-026-2020).
58.26	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
58.27	best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
58.28	Sec. 15. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
58.29	WATER; CASS COUNTY.
58.30	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, and upon
58.31	completion of exchange of the school trust land for acquired land, the commissioner of
58.32	natural resources may sell to a school district by private sale the surplus land bordering
58.33	public water that is described in paragraph (c).

59.1	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
59.2	attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors and
59.3	ensure accuracy. The commissioner may sell the land to a school district for less than the
59.4	value of the land as determined by the commissioner, but the conveyance must provide
59.5	that the land described in paragraph (c) be used for an educational unit managed forest and
59.6	reverts to the state if the school district fails to provide for or abandons the educational
59.7	unit managed forest use of the land.
59.8	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Cass County and is described as:
59.9	(1) the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of Section 27;
9.10	(2) the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section 28;
9.11	(3) Government Lot 11 of Section 33; and
9.12	(4) Government Lot 14 of Section 34,
9.13	all in Township 141 North, Range 28 West, containing a total of 98.7 acres, more or
9.14	<u>less.</u>
59.15	(d) The land borders Nellie Lake. Independent School District No. 118, Longville,
59.16	has inadvertently trespassed upon the land for the establishment of an educational unit
9.17	managed forest under Minnesota Statutes, section 89.41. The commissioner of natural
59.18	resources has determined that the state's land management interests would best be served
9.19	if the land was managed as an educational unit managed forest. Since the land is currently
9.20	school trust land, the commissioner of natural resources shall first exchange the school
9.21	trust land for acquired land prior to sale.
59.22	Sec. 16. PUBLIC OR PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND
59.23	BORDERING PUBLIC WATER; CASS COUNTY.
59.24	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, the
9.25	commissioner of natural resources may sell by public or private sale the surplus land
9.26	bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c).
59.27	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
9.28	attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors and
9.29	ensure accuracy. The commissioner may sell to a local unit of government for less than the
59.30	value of the land, as determined by the commissioner, but the conveyance must provide
59.31	that the land be used for the public and reverts to the state if the local unit of government
59.32	fails to provide for public use or abandons the public use of the land.
59.33	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Cass County and is described as: Lot 7,
59.34	Block 1, Dell's Sleepy Hollow, Cass County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat
59.35	thereof, containing 0.54 acres, more or less.

60.1	(d) The land borders Woman Lake. The Department of Natural Resources has
60.2	determined that the state's land management interests would best be served if the land was
60.3	conveyed to a local unit of government.
60.4	Sec. 17. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
60.5	WATER; GOODHUE COUNTY.
60.6	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, the
60.7	commissioner of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus land bordering
60.8	public water that is described in paragraph (c).
60.9	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
60.10	attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors and
60.11	ensure accuracy. The conveyance must include the easement specified in paragraph (c).
60.12	The purpose of the easement is to:
60.13	(1) provide for the development of fish habitat, including tree planting, erosion
60.14	control, installation of instream structures, posting of signs, and other improvements;
60.15	(2) permit angling by the public; and
60.16	(3) provide ingress and egress through the property sold to the easement area.
60.17	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Goodhue County and is described as:
60.18	that part of the Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter and that part of the Northwest
60.19	Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section 7, Township 112, Range 15, Goodhue County,
60.20	Minnesota, which lie westerly of the centerline of County State-Aid Highway No. 6,
60.21	containing 2.6 acres, more or less.
60.22	Reserving an easement over, under, and across that part of the above described
60.23	property located within a strip of land 132 feet in width, and centered on the centerline
60.24	of Spring Creek, as the same meanders through said Southwest Quarter of the Northeast
60.25	Quarter and said Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter.
60.26	(d) The land borders Spring Creek. The Department of Natural Resources has
60.27	determined that the land is not needed for natural resource purposes provided that an
60.28	easement right is retained. The land is separated from the wildlife management area by a
60.29	county road and has been subject to inadvertent trespass by the adjacent landowner.
60.30	Sec. 18. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; HENNEPIN COUNTY.
60.31	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 and 94.10, the commissioner
60.32	of natural resources may sell to a local unit of government by private sale the surplus land
60.33	that is described in paragraph (c).

(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The	
attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors and	<u>d</u>
ensure accuracy. The commissioner may sell to a local unit of government for less than the	<u>e</u>
value of the land, as determined by the commissioner, but the conveyance must provide	
that the land be used for the public and reverts to the state if the local unit of government	-
ails to provide for public use or abandons the public use of the land.	
(c) The land that may be sold is located in Hennepin County and is described as:	
Outlot A, Block 1, Schendel Woods, Hennepin County, Minnesota, according to the	
ecorded plat thereof, containing 13.92 acres, more or less.	
(d) The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the state's land	
management interests would best be served if the land was conveyed to a local unit of	
government. A local unit of government would like to use this parcel for a storm water	
runoff project.	
Sec. 19. CONVEYANCE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC	
WATERS; ITASCA COUNTY.	
(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision	
, and the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, Itasca County may	
convey to the city of Cohasset for consideration as determined by Itasca County the land	
lescribed in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter	<u>r</u>
<u>282.</u>	
(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general and provide	<u>e</u>
that the land reverts to the state if the city of Cohasset fails to provide for the public use	
described in paragraph (d) or abandons the public use of the land. As a condition of	
conveyance, the city of Cohasset must provide to Itasca County a survey of the property,	
at no cost to Itasca County. The conveyance is subject to easements, restrictions, and	
reservations of record. The attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal	
description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.	
(c) The land to be conveyed is located in Itasca County and is described as: that	
part of Government Lot 7, Section 23, Township 55 North, Range 26 West, described	
part of Government Lot 7, Section 23, Township 55 North, Range 26 West, described	
part of Government Lot 7, Section 23, Township 55 North, Range 26 West, described as follows:	
part of Government Lot 7, Section 23, Township 55 North, Range 26 West, described as follows:  Commencing at the southwest corner of the Northwest Quarter of the Southwest	
part of Government Lot 7, Section 23, Township 55 North, Range 26 West, described as follows:  Commencing at the southwest corner of the Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, Section 23, Township 55 North, Range 26 West; thence South 88 degrees 02	

62.1	thence northerly along the centerline of the Tioga Beach Road 123.51 feet along a
62.2	nontangential curve concave to the East, said curve having a central angle of 12 degrees 08
62.3	minutes 28 seconds, radius of 582.87 feet, a chord bearing of North 07 degrees 35 minutes
62.4	37 seconds West, chord distance 123.28 feet; thence North 01 degrees 31 minutes 24
62.5	seconds West, along the centerline of the Tioga Beach Road 167.83 feet; thence northerly
62.6	along the centerline of the Tioga Beach Road 139.95 feet along a tangential curve concave
62.7	to the West, said curve having a central angle of 11 degrees 26 minutes 28 seconds, radius
62.8	of 700.85 feet; thence North 12 degrees 57 minutes 52 seconds West, along the centerline
62.9	of the Tioga Beach Road 174.21 feet; thence northerly along the centerline of the Tioga
62.10	Beach Road 70.93 feet, more or less, along a tangential curve concave to the East, said
62.11	curve having a central angle of 08 degrees 46 minutes 30 seconds, radius of 463.14 feet
62.12	to intersect the north line of the South 665.00 feet of Government Lot 7; thence South
62.13	88 degrees 02 minutes 11 seconds East along the north line of the South 665.00 feet of
62.14	said Government Lot 7, a distance of 512.74 feet; thence South 65 degrees 39 minutes
62.15	08 seconds East, 184 feet, more or less, to the waters edge of Pokegama Lake; thence
62.16	southwesterly along the waters edge of Pokegama Lake to intersect the south line of said
62.17	Government Lot 7; thence North 88 degrees 02 minutes 11 seconds West, along the south
62.18	line of Government Lot 7, 220 feet, more or less, to the point of the beginning and there
62.19	terminating. Parcel contains approximately 690 front feet of shoreland on Pokegama
62.20	Lake and 6.8 acres.
62.21	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
62.22	be best served if the lands are managed for a public beach and other public recreational
62.23	purposes by the city of Cohasset.

# Sec. 20. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATER; MAHNOMEN COUNTY.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1, and the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, Mahnomen County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
- (b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.

  The conveyance must include a deed restriction that prohibits buildings, structures, tree cutting, removal of vegetation, and shoreland alterations within an area 75 feet from the ordinary high water level. A 15-foot strip for lake access and a dock is allowed.
  - (c) The land to be sold is located in Mahnomen County and is described as:

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63.1	Beginning at the northeast corner of Lot 1; thence 28 rods West to the point of
63.2	beginning; thence West 7 rods; thence South to the shoreline of North Twin Lake 9 rods,
63.3	more or less; thence southeast on the shoreline to a point South of the point of beginning;
63.4	thence North 16 rods, more or less, to the point of beginning, all in Section 29, Township
63.5	144 North, Range 39 West (parcel number R16 029 0200).
63.6	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
63.7	best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
63.8	Sec. 21. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; MARTIN COUNTY.
63.9	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 and 94.10, the commissioner
63.10	of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus land that is described in paragraph
63.11	<u>(c).</u>
63.12	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
63.13	attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors
63.14	and ensure accuracy.
63.15	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Martin County and is described as: the
63.16	North 700 feet of a strip of land 100 feet in width extending over and across the West Half
63.17	of the Northwest Quarter and the Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of Section
63.18	25, Township 101 North, Range 32 West, Martin County, Minnesota. The centerline of
63.19	said strip being the centerline of the main track (now removed) of the Minnesota and Iowa
63.20	Railway Company, as said centerline was originally located and established over and
63.21	across said Section 25. This parcel contains 1.6 acres, more or less.
63.22	(d) The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed
63.23	for natural resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best
63.24	be served if the land were conveyed to the adjacent landowner to improve access to the
63.25	landowner's property.
63.26	Sec. 22. EXCHANGE OF STATE LAND WITHIN LAKE MARIA WILDLIFE
63.27	MANAGEMENT AREA; MURRAY COUNTY.
63.28	(a) The commissioner of natural resources may, with the approval of the Land
63.29	Exchange Board as required under the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 10, and
63.30	according to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.343 to 94.347, exchange
63.31	the land described in paragraph (b).
63.32	(b) The land that may be exchanged is located in Murray County and is described as:
63.33	(1) the North 866 feet of the South 1555 feet of the Southwest Quarter of Section 7,
53.34	Township 108, Range 41, lying West of the East 450 feet thereof;

64.1	(2) the South 689 feet of the Southwest Quarter of Section 7, Township 108, Range
64.2	41; and
64.3	(3) that part of the Northeast Quarter of Section 18, Township 108, Range 41,
64.4	described as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of said Section 7, Township
64.5	108, Range 41; thence running easterly along the north line of said Section 7 a distance of
64.6	2,769.50 feet to the intersection with the centerline of the township road; thence southerly
64.7	along the centerline of said township road a distance of 2,653.75 feet; thence deflecting
64.8	00 degrees 31 minutes right and continuing along the centerline of said township road a
64.9	distance of 2,051.75 feet; thence easterly and parallel to the south line of the Southwest
64.10	Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 7, a distance of 464 feet; thence South
64.11	and parallel to the west line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 18, a distance of
64.12	3,198.00 feet, to the south line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 18, and the point
64.13	of beginning of the land to be described; thence return northerly, along the last described
64.14	course, a distance of 2,635 feet to the north line of said Northeast Quarter; thence
64.15	southwesterly, a distance of 999 feet, to a point on the west line of said Northeast Quarter,
64.16	distant 421.5 feet South of the northwest corner of said Northeast Quarter, thence South
64.17	along said west line, to the southwest corner of said Northeast Quarter; thence East, along
64.18	the south line of said Northeast Quarter, a distance of 910 feet to the point of beginning.
64.19	(c) The land was acquired in part with bonding appropriations. The exchange
64.20	with the adjacent landowner will provide additional wildlife acres and additional water
64.21	frontage to the state.
64.22	Sec. 23. CONVEYANCE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; ACQUISITION;
64.23	NICOLLET COUNTY.
64.24	Subdivision 1. Conveyance of surplus land. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota
64.25	Statutes, sections 16B.281 to 16B.287, the commissioner of administration may upon
64.26	recommendation of the commissioner of human services, convey to the city of St. Peter
64.27	for no consideration the surplus land or any state interest in land that is described in
64.28	paragraph (c).
64.29	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
64.30	attorney general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure
64.31	accuracy. The commissioner of administration may grant utility easements for no
64.32	consideration in conjunction with the conveyances under this section.
64.33	(c) The land to be sold is located in Nicollet County and is described as:
64.34	(1) all that part of the following described parcel lying westerly of the westerly
64.35	right-of-way of Freeman Drive, formerly the Saint Peter and Belgrade Road.

65.1	Said parcel described as follows:
65.2	That part of Government Lot 6 in Section 29, Township 110 North, Range 26 West,
65.3	city of Saint Peter, Nicollet County, Minnesota, described as:
65.4	Commencing at the northeast corner of said Section 29; thence South 00 degrees 29
65.5	minutes 46 seconds East, an assumed bearing on the east line of said Northeast Quarter, a
65.6	distance of 1317.06 feet to the southeast corner of the Northeast Quarter of said Northeast
65.7	Quarter; thence South 89 degrees 30 minutes 18 seconds West, on the south line of said
65.8	Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, a distance of 918.73 feet to the point of
65.9	beginning; thence South 64 degrees 37 minutes 16 seconds East, a distance of 178.6 feet,
65.10	more or less, to the centerline of Freeman Drive, formerly the Saint Peter and Belgrade
65.11	Road; thence northeasterly, on said centerline, a distance of 98.3 feet, more or less, to the
65.12	north line of said Government Lot 6; thence South 89 degrees 30 minutes 18 seconds
65.13	West, on said north line; a distance of 220.5 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning;
65.14	(2) all that part of the following described parcel lying easterly of the westerly
65.15	right-of-way of Freeman Drive, formerly the Saint Peter and Belgrade Road.
65.16	Said parcel described as follows:
65.17	That part of Government Lot 6 in Section 29, Township 110 North, Range 26 West,
65.18	city of Saint Peter, Nicollet County, Minnesota, described as:
65.19	Commencing at the northeast corner of said Section 29; thence South 00 degrees 29
65.20	minutes 46 seconds East, an assumed bearing on the east line of said Northeast Quarter, a
65.21	distance of 1317.06 feet to the southeast corner of the Northeast Quarter of said Northeast
65.22	Quarter; thence South 89 degrees 30 minutes 18 seconds West, on the south line of said
65.23	Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, a distance of 918.73 feet to the point of
65.24	beginning; thence South 64 degrees 37 minutes 16 seconds East, a distance of 178.6 feet,
65.25	more or less, to the centerline of Freeman Drive, formerly the Saint Peter and Belgrade
65.26	Road; thence northeasterly, on said centerline, a distance of 98.3 feet, more or less, to the
65.27	north line of said Government Lot 6; thence South 89 degrees 30 minutes 18 seconds West
65.28	on said north line; a distance of 220.5 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning; and
65.29	(3) that part of the East 25.00 of a 150.00 foot wide railroad right-of-way acquired
65.30	in Book R page 338, in the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 29,
65.31	Township 110 North, Range 26 West, city of Saint Peter, Nicollet County, Minnesota,
65.32	lying South of the southerly right-of-way line of Minnesota Trunk Highway No. 99, per
65.33	MN/DOT Right-of-Way Map 31-68 and North of the following described line:
65.34	Commencing at the northeast corner of said Section 29; thence South 00 degrees 29
65.35	minutes 46 seconds East, an assumed bearing on the east line of said Northeast Quarter, a
65.36	distance of 1317.06 feet to the southeast corner of the Northeast Quarter of said Northeast

66.1	Quarter; thence South 89 degrees 30 minutes 18 seconds West, on the south line of said
66.2	Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, a distance of 918.73 feet; thence North 64
66.3	degrees 37 minutes 16 seconds West, a distance of 86.15 feet; thence northwesterly 127.21
66.4	feet on a tangential curve to the right, having a radius of 280.00 feet and a central angle of
66.5	26 degrees 01 minutes 59 seconds to the point of beginning of the line to be described;
66.6	thence continuing northwesterly 31.24 feet on said tangential curve to the right, having
66.7	a radius of 280.00 feet and a central angle of 06 degrees 23 minutes 34 seconds and
66.8	there terminating.
66.9	(d) The commissioner has determined that the land is no longer needed for any state
66.10	purpose and that the state's land management interests would best be served if the land
66.11	was conveyed to and used by the city of St. Peter.
66.12	Subd. 2. Acquisition authority. (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the
66.13	commissioner of administration, upon recommendation of the commissioner of human
66.14	services, may acquire from the city of St. Peter, without monetary consideration, land
66.15	located in Nicollet County, described as follows:
66.16	(1) that part of the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 29,
66.17	Township 110 North, Range 26 West, city of Saint Peter, Nicollet County, Minnesota:
66.18	Lying East of the east line of the 150.007 foot wide railroad right-of-way acquired in
66.19	Book R page 338, in said Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 29;
66.20	AND
66.21	Lying South of the following described line:
66.22	Commencing at the northeast corner of said Section 29; thence South 00 degrees
66.23	29 minutes 46 seconds East, an assumed bearing on the east line of said Northeast
66.24	Quarter, a distance of 1317.06 feet to the southeast corner of the Northeast Quarter of said
66.25	Northeast Quarter; thence South 89 degrees 30 minutes 18 seconds West, on the south
66.26	line of said Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, a distance of 918.73 feet to the
66.27	point of beginning; thence North 64 degrees 37 minutes 16 seconds West, a distance of
66.28	86.15 feet; thence northwesterly 127.21 feet on a tangential curve to the right, having a
66.29	radius of 280.00 feet and a central angle of 26 degrees 01 minutes 51 seconds to the
66.30	point of termination. Said point of termination being on the east line of the previously
66.31	referenced railroad right-of-way and there terminating; and
66.32	(2) that part of Government Lot 6 in Section 29, Township 110 North, Range 26
66.33	West, city of Saint Peter, Nicollet County, Minnesota described as:
66.34	Commencing at the northeast corner of said Section 29; thence South 00 degrees 29
66.35	minutes 46 seconds East, an assumed bearing on the east line of said Northeast Quarter, a
66.36	distance of 1317.06 feet to the southeast corner of the Northeast Ouarter of said Northeast

67.1	Quarter; thence South 89 degrees 30 minutes 18 seconds West, on the south line of said
67.2	Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, a distance of 918.73 feet; thence South 64
67.3	degrees 37 minutes 16 seconds East, a distance of 179 feet, more or less, to the centerline
67.4	of Freeman Drive, formerly the Saint Peter and Belgrade Road, and the point of beginning
67.5	thence continuing South 64 degrees 37 minutes 16 seconds East, a distance of 25.8 feet,
67.6	more or less, to the existing right-of-way of U.S. Highway No. 169, per Map 14-80;
67.7	thence southwesterly along said right-of-way a distance of 91.7 feet, more or less, to the
67.8	northerly line of a parcel recorded as Document No. 274882, Nicollet County records;
67.9	thence northwesterly along the northerly line of said parcel a distance of 27.5 feet, more or
67.10	less, to the centerline of said Freeman Drive; thence northeasterly along said centerline a
67.11	distance of 93.2 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning.
67.12	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
67.13	attorney general may make necessary changes to legal descriptions to correct errors and
67.14	ensure accuracy.
67.15	Sec. 24. CONVEYANCE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; OLMSTED COUNTY.
67.16	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 to 94.16, the commissioner
67.17	of natural resources shall convey to the city of Oronoco for no consideration the surplus
67.18	land that is described in paragraph (c).
67.19	(b) The conveyance shall occur upon the operation of the reversion clause contained
67.20	in the deed for the land described in paragraph (c) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes
67.21	1965, section 85.188, and after the passage of resolutions by the Olmsted County Board
67.22	and the Oronoco City Council, each acknowledging that the requirements set forth in the
67.23	Agreement for Transfer of Oronoco Park in the City of Oronoco to the City of Oronoco
67.24	by Olmsted County have been sufficiently met to proceed with the conveyance. The
67.25	conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general, the Olmsted County
67.26	Board, and the Oronoco City Council. The conveyance must provide that the land reverts
67.27	to the state if the city of Oronoco fails to maintain and operate the land as a public park.
67.28	The attorney general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and
67.29	ensure accuracy.
67.30	(c) The land to be conveyed is located in Olmsted County and is described as:
67.31	(1) the East Half of the West Half of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter,
67.32	Section 7, Township 108 North, Range 14 West, subject to flowage rights in favor of
67.33	Olmsted County; and
67.34	(2) the East Half of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 7,
67.35	Township 108 North, Range 14 West.

68.1	(d) The land is currently owned by Olmsted County and used as a public park,
68.2	having been conveyed by the state according to Laws 1965, chapter 810, section 9. The
68.3	1965 law and the corresponding conveyance document require reversion to the state if
68.4	the county stops operating the land as a public park. Olmsted County no longer wishes
68.5	to operate the public park, but the city of Oronoco has agreed to pay consideration to
68.6	Olmsted County to continue the park operation. The commissioner has determined that
68.7	the state's land management interests would best be served if, upon the land's reversion to
68.8	the state, the land was conveyed to and used by the city of Oronoco as a public park.
68.9	Sec. 25. PUBLIC SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
68.10	WATER; ROSEAU COUNTY.
68.11	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 92.45, the commissioner of natural
68.12	resources may sell by public sale the surplus land bordering public water that is described
68.13	in paragraph (c).
68.14	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
68.15	attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors
68.16	and ensure accuracy.
68.17	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Roseau County and is described as:
68.18	Government Lot 9, Section 30, Township 163 North, Range 36 West, containing 0.15
68.19	acres, more or less.
68.20	(d) The land borders the Warroad River and is not contiguous to other state lands.
68.21	The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for
68.22	natural resource purposes.
68.23	Sec. 26. PUBLIC OR PRIVATE SALE OF CONSOLIDATED CONSERVATION
68.24	LAND; ROSEAU COUNTY.
68.25	(a) Notwithstanding the classification and public sale provisions of Minnesota
68.26	Statutes, chapters 84A and 282, Roseau County may sell by public or private sale the
68.27	consolidated conservation lands that are described in paragraph (c).
68.28	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
68.29	attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors
68.30	and ensure accuracy. The consideration for the conveyance must be for no less than the
68.31	appraised value of the land and timber and survey costs. Proceeds shall be disposed of
68.32	according to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84A.
68.33	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Roseau County and is described as:

69.1	(1) that part of Government Lot 1, Section 4, Township 162 North, Range 36 West,
69.2	lying southwesterly of the southwesterly right-of-way of the Canadian National Railway.
69.3	Subject to the right-of-way of State Highway 11. Contains 0.75 acres, more or less; and
69.4	(2) the South Half of the South Half of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest
69.5	Quarter, Section 34, Township 159 North, Range 39 West, containing 10 acres, more or
69.6	<u>less.</u>
69.7	(d) The lands are not contiguous to other state lands. The Department of Natural
69.8	Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural resource purposes.
69.9	Sec. 27. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND; ROSEAU COUNTY.
69.10	(a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282,
69.11	or other law to the contrary, Roseau County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited
69.12	land described in paragraph (c) under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes,
69.13	chapter 282.
69.14	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney
69.15	general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
69.16	(c) The land to be sold is located in Roseau County and is described as: the
69.17	Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast
69.18	Quarter, Section 20, Township 163, Range 36.
69.19	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
69.20	best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
69.21	Sec. 28. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
69.22	(a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282,
69.23	or other law to the contrary, St. Louis County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited
69.24	land described in paragraph (c).
69.25	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney
69.26	general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
69.27	(c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is adjacent to a parcel
69.28	described as: that part of the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter beginning on the
69.29	east line at the southerly road right-of-way; thence southerly along the east line 760.07
69.30	feet; thence South 89 degrees 3 minutes 23 seconds West 290 feet; thence North 1 degree
69.31	12 minutes 54 seconds East 764.79 feet; thence East along the southerly road right-of-way
69.32	290 feet to the point of beginning, Section 20, Township 58 North, Range 15 West. St.
69.33	Louis County shall sell an adjoining amount of land, determined by the county to rectify

70.1	an inadvertent trespass. The sale will ensure that the buildings causing the inadvertent
70.2	trespass will meet all setback requirements.
70.3	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
70.4	best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
70.5	Sec. 29. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
70.6	(a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282,
70.7	or other law to the contrary, St. Louis County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited
70.8	land described in paragraph (c).
70.9	(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
70.10	attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure
70.11	accuracy.
70.12	(c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:
70.13	(1) Lot 90, Block 75, Duluth Proper Third Division, except the West six feet of the
70.14	South 50 feet of the West Half, Section 28, Township 50 North, Range 14 West;
70.15	(2) the northerly 100 feet of the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, except
70.16	the westerly 233 feet, and except the easterly 50 feet of the westerly 283 feet, Section
70.17	14, Township 51 North, Range 13 West;
70.18	(3) the South 150 feet of the Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 5,
70.19	Township 55 North, Range 18 West;
70.20	(4) the West 33 feet of the North 208 feet of the South 1,040 feet of the Northwest
70.21	Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 7, Township 60 North, Range 13 West;
70.22	(5) the North 36 feet of the North 1,076 feet of the West 449 feet of the Northwest
70.23	Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 7, Township 60 North, Range 13 West;
70.24	(6) the West 33 feet of the North 208 feet of the South 832 feet of the Northwest
70.25	Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 7, Township 60 North, Range 13 West;
70.26	(7) the West 33 feet of the North 208 feet of the South 624 feet of the Northwest
70.27	Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 7, Township 60 North, Range 13 West;
70.28	(8) the West 33 feet of the South 416 feet of the Northwest Quarter of the Northeast
70.29	Quarter, Section 7, Township 60 North, Range 13 West; and
70.30	(9) part of the South Half of the Southwest Quarter, Section 20, Township 58 North,
70.31	Range 15 West.
70.32	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
70 33	best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership

71.1	Sec. 30. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
71.2	WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
71.3	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision
71.4	1, and the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, St. Louis County
71.5	may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in
71.6	paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
71.7	(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
71.8	attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure
71.9	accuracy.
71.10	(c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:
71.11	(1) Lot 4, Block 4, Greenwood Beach, town of Duluth, Section 19, Township 51
71.12	North, Range 19 West;
71.13	(2) beginning at the southwest corner of Lot 4, running thence East 450 feet; thence
71.14	North 200 feet; thence West 450 feet; thence South along the section line 200 feet to the
71.15	point of beginning, except the northerly 40 feet, Section 7, Township 54 North, Range
71.16	<u>19 West;</u>
71.17	(3) the South 560 feet of the East 300 feet of the Northeast Quarter of the Southeast
71.18	Quarter, except the highway right-of-way and except the North 315 feet, Section 22,
71.19	Township 61 North, Range 20 West;
71.20	(4) an undivided 1/24 interest in the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter,
71.21	Section 8, Township 50 North, Range 18 West;
71.22	(5) an undivided 2/15 interest in the Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter,
71.23	Section 20, Township 50 North, Range 18 West;
71.24	(6) an undivided 1/3 interest in the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter,
71.25	Section 21, Township 50 North, Range 18 West;
71.26	(7) an undivided 1/45 interest in the Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter,
71.27	Section 29, Township 50 North, Range 18 West;
71.28	(8) an undivided 1/12 interest in the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter,
71.29	Section 25, Township 50 North, Range 19 West;
71.30	(9) an undivided 1/12 interest in the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter,
71.31	Section 25, Township 50 North, Range 19 West;
71.32	(10) an undivided 1369/68040 interest in Lot 8, except the railway right-of-way,
71.33	Section 28, Township 51 North, Range 18 West; and
71.34	(11) that part of the Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 10,
71.35	Township 63 North, Range 18 West, St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows:

72.1	Assuming the northeast line of Lot 9 in the plat of MANNIKKO (PINE RIDGE) to
72.2	bear North 54 degrees 11 minutes 00 seconds West, and COMMENCING from the most
72.3	northerly corner of said Lot 9 run North 28 degrees 12 minutes 30 seconds East, a distance
72.4	of 107.39 feet; thence South 28 degrees 12 minutes 30 seconds West, a distance of 28.19
72.5	feet; thence South 86 degrees 24 minutes 10 seconds West, a distance of 82.17 feet; thence
72.6	South 77 degrees 07 minutes 31 seconds West, a distance of 77.70 feet; thence South 82
72.7	degrees 40 minutes 33 seconds West, a distance of 83.09 feet; thence South 71 degrees 26
72.8	minutes 45 seconds West, a distance of 190.55 feet; thence North 70 degrees 55 minutes
72.9	26 seconds West, a distance of 76.14 feet to a point on a nontangential curve, the center
72.10	of which bears North 35 degrees 10 minutes 49 seconds West, being also a point on the
72.11	east right-of-way of "Phillips Road" as it exists in January of 1995; thence northerly along
72.12	said east right-of-way, on said nontangential curve, concave to the West, central angle of
72.13	88 degrees 57 minutes 37 seconds, radius of 90.00 feet, a distance of 139.74 feet; thence
72.14	North 34 degrees 08 minutes 26 seconds west, along said east right-of-way, a distance of
72.15	105.00 feet to a tangential curve; thence northerly along said east right-of-way on said
72.16	tangential curve, concave to the East, central angle 69 degrees 38 minutes 31 seconds,
72.17	radius 68.00 feet, a distance of 82.65 feet to a point of reverse curve; thence northerly
72.18	along said east right-of-way, on said reverse curve, concave to the West, central angle of
72.19	18 degrees, more or less, radius of 116.25 feet, a distance of 36.5 feet, more or less, to
72.20	the south line of said Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter and the POINT OF
72.21	BEGINNING of the land being described; thence northerly, continuing along said curve, a
72.22	distance of 96.2 feet; thence North 29 degrees 54 minutes 20 seconds West, tangent to said
72.23	curve and along said east right-of-way, a distance of 16.32 feet; thence South 89 degrees
72.24	42 minutes 44 seconds East, a distance of 943.3 feet, more or less, to the east line of
72.25	said Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter; thence southerly, along said east line, a
72.26	distance of 30 feet, more or less, to the shore of Lake Vermilion; thence southerly, along
72.27	said shore, a distance of 100 feet, more or less, to the south line of said Southeast Quarter
72.28	of the Northeast Quarter; thence westerly, along said south line, a distance of 880 feet,
72.29	more or less, to the POINT OF BEGINNING. Containing 2.5 acres, more or less.
72.30	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
72.31	best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.

# 72.32 Sec. 31. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC 72.33 WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1, and the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, St. Louis County

72.34

paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and
ensure accuracy. Prior to the sales, the commissioner of revenue shall grant permanent
conservation easements according to Minnesota Statutes, section 282.37. The easements
shall be up to 200 feet in width, lying 100 feet, to the extent possible given the location
of property lines, on each side of the centerline of the designated trout stream to provide
riparian protection and angler access.
(c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:
(1) Lot 22, Block 1, Wonderland 1st Addition, town of Duluth, except the highway
right-of-way and including part of the adjacent vacated road, Section 17, Township 51
North, Range 12 West; and
(2) that part of the southerly 135 feet of the northerly 543 feet of the Northwest
Quarter of the Southwest Quarter lying East of the westerly 968 feet and West of the
Sucker River, Section 30, Township 52 North, Range 12 West.
(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC  WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC  WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,  St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC  WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,  St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC  WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,  St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.  (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC  WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,  St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.  (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC  WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,  St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.  (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC  WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,  St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.  (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.  (c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC  WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,  St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.  (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.  (c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:  (1) the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC  WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,  St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.  (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.  (c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:  (1) the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Section 25, Township 51 North, Range 14 West, subject to an existing easement;
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1, St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.  (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.  (c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:  (1) the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Section 25, Township 51 North, Range 14 West, subject to an existing easement;  (2) the North 407 feet of that part of Lot 4 lying South of the east and west centerline
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC  WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,  St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.  (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.  (c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:  (1) the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Section 25, Township 51 North, Range 14 West, subject to an existing easement;  (2) the North 407 feet of that part of Lot 4 lying South of the east and west centerline of Section 20, Section 20, Township 51 North, Range 16 West;
best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.  Sec. 32. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.  (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1, St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.  (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.  (c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:  (1) the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Section 25, Township 51 North, Range 14 West, subject to an existing easement;  (2) the North 407 feet of that part of Lot 4 lying South of the east and west centerline of Section 20, Section 20, Township 51 North, Range 16 West;  (3) Lots 1, 2, and 3, Childs Birch Grove Tracts, Grand Lake, Section 20, Township

	(5) the East Half of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Section 26,
_	Township 60 North, Range 17 West.
	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
ł	pest be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
	Sec. 33. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
1	WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,
2	St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described
i	n paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
	(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
8	attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and
E	ensure accuracy. Prior to the sales, the commissioner of revenue shall grant permanent
C	conservation easements according to Minnesota Statutes, section 282.37. The easements
S	shall be up to 200 feet in width, lying 100 feet, to the extent possible given the location
C	of property lines, on each side of the centerline of the designated trout stream to provide
r	iparian protection and angler access. For the parcels described in paragraph (c), clauses
(	6) and (7), a 33-foot strip across the easement shall be allowed for road access and utilities.
	(c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:
	(1) the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, except 4.56 acres for a road and
E	except that part lying South and West of Highway 2, Section 8, Township 50 North,
I	Range 16 West;
	(2) the East Half of the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, except the
r	ailway right-of-way and except the highway right-of-way, Section 17, Township 51
1	North, Range 12 West;
	(3) the West Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest
(	Quarter, Section 25, Township 51 North, Range 14 West;
	(4) the West Half of the Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest
(	Quarter, Section 25, Township 51 North, Range 14 West;
	(5) the West five acres of the South 15 acres of the North 30 acres of the Northeast
(	Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 27, Township 51 North, Range 14 West;
	(6) the East Half of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest
(	Quarter, Section 27, Township 51 North, Range 14 West; and
	(7) the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest
(	Quarter, except the West 25 feet, Section 27, Township 51 North, Range 14 West.

75.1	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
75.2	best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
75.2	Sec. 24 DUDITIC SALE OF TAV FORESITED I AND DODDEDING DUDITIC
75.3 75.4	Sec. 34. <u>PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC</u> WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
75.4	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,
75.6	St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described
75.7	in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
75.8	(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
75.9	attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and
	ensure accuracy. Prior to the sales, the commissioner of revenue shall grant permanent
75.10	
75.11	conservation easements according to Minnesota Statutes, section 282.37. The easements
75.12	shall be 150 feet in width, lying 75 feet on each side of the centerline of the stream to
75.13	provide riparian protection and angler access. For the parcel described in paragraph (c),
75.14	clause (4), a 33-foot strip across the easement shall be allowed for road access and utilities.
75.15	(c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:
75.16	(1) the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, except the North Half, Section
75.17	15, Township 50 North, Range 15 West;
75.18	(2) the Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 19, Township 53 North,
75.19	Range 20 West;
75.20	(3) the westerly 330 feet of the South Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Southwest
75.21	Quarter, Section 11, Township 56 North, Range 20 West; and
75.22	(4) the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, except the South Half of the
75.23	Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter and except the North ten acres, Section
75.24	34, Township 50 North, Range 15 West.
75.25	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
75.26	best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
75.27	Sec. 35. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
75.28	WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
75.29	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,
75.30	St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described
75.31	in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
75.32	(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
75.33	attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and
75.34	ensure accuracy. Prior to the sales, the commissioner of revenue shall grant permanent

76.1	conservation easements according to Minnesota Statutes, section 282.37. For the parcel
76.2	described in paragraph (c), clause (1), the easement must be 100 feet in width from the
76.3	centerline of the designated trout stream to provide riparian protection and angler access.
76.4	For the parcel described in paragraph (c), clause (2), the easement must be 200 feet in
76.5	width from the centerline of the stream to provide riparian protection and angler access.
76.6	(c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as:
76.7	(1) Lots 511 through 515, Homecroft Park, town of Rice Lake, Section 34, Township
76.8	51 North, Range 14 West; and
76.9	(2) that part of the Lot 2 lying East of a line parallel with and 150 feet East of the
76.10	centerline of the Duluth, Missabe and Iron Range Railway, Section 17, Township 51
76.11	North, Range 17 West.
76.12	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
76.13	best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
76.14	Sec. 36. PUBLIC SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
76.15	WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
76.16	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,
76.17	St. Louis County may sell the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described
76.18	in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
76.19	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney
76.20	general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
76.21	The conveyance must include a deed restriction that prohibits buildings, structures, tree
76.22	cutting, removal of vegetation, and shoreland alterations within an area 100 feet in width,
76.23	lying 50 feet on each side of the centerline of streams that are tributaries to the Sand River.
76.24	(c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as: the North
76.25	416 feet of the East 416 feet of the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, Section
76.26	10, Township 59 North, Range 17 West.
76.27	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
76.28	best be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
76.29	Sec. 37. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; WASHINGTON
76.30	COUNTY.
76.31	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 and 94.10, the commissioner
76.32	of natural resources may sell to a political subdivision by private sale the surplus land
76.33	that is described in paragraph (c).

77.1	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The
77.2	attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors
77.3	and ensure accuracy.
77.4	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Washington County and is described as:
77.5	(1) that part of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 19,
77.6	Township 32, Range 21, lying South of the centerline of Highway 97; and
77.7	(2) that part of the Southwest Quarter of Section 19, Township 32 North, Range 21
77.8	West, Washington County, Minnesota, described as follows: beginning at the southwest
77.9	corner of said Southwest Quarter; thence on an assumed bearing of South 89 degrees
77.10	50 minutes 33 seconds East along the south line of said Southwest Quarter 1555.59
77.11	feet; thence North 11 degrees 40 minutes 58 seconds East 720.70 feet; thence North 53
77.12	degrees 20 minutes 40 seconds West 436.77 feet; thence North 45 degrees 10 minutes 18
77.13	seconds West 222.72 feet to the southerly boundary of the recorded plat of BASSWOOD
77.14	ESTATES, on file and of record in the Office of the County Recorder; thence westerly
77.15	along the southerly boundary of said BASSWOOD ESTATES to the southwesterly corner
77.16	thereof; thence northerly along the westerly boundary of said BASSWOOD ESTATES to
77.17	the most northerly corner of Lot 2 of Block 3 of said BASSWOOD ESTATES; thence
77.18	westerly to a point on the west line of said Southwest Quarter 407.50 feet southerly of
77.19	the northwest corner of said Southwest Quarter; thence South 00 degrees 23 minutes 19
77.20	seconds East along the west line of said Southwest Quarter 2238.63 feet to the point
77.21	of beginning.
77.22	These parcels contain 57.2 acres, more or less.
77.23	(d) The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the state's land
77.24	management interests would best be served if the land was conveyed to a political
77.25	subdivision. A political subdivision would like to use these parcels as wetland mitigation
77.26	sites.
77.27	(e) This sale is the result of the intent expressed by of the city of Columbus and
77.28	Anoka County to allow the commissioner of natural resources to replace the approximately
77.29	57 acres of land with land adjacent to the Carlos Avery Wildlife Management Area from
77.30	willing sellers as identified in the November 19, 2007, Department of Natural Resources'
77.31	land acquisition plan.
77.32	Sec. 38. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; WASHINGTON
77.33	COUNTY.

(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 and 94.10, the	commissioner
of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus land that is described	l in paragraph
<u>(c).</u>	
(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney gener	al. The
attorney general may make necessary changes to the legal description to cor	rect errors
and ensure accuracy.	
(c) The land that may be sold is located in Washington County and is a	described
as: the West 750 feet of the East 1,130.6 feet of the North 786.72 feet of the	Northwest
Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 15, Township 29 North, Range 2	20 West,
containing 13.5 acres, more or less.	
(d) The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land	is not needed
for natural resource purposes. The state's land management interests would be	est be served
if the land was sold to an adjacent landowner, as the property described in pa	aragraph (c)
does not have legal access to a public road.	
Sec. 39. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERIN	IG PUBLIC
WATER; WASHINGTON COUNTY.	
(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, sections 92.45 and 92.018, sections	ubdivision 1,
and the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, Washington	on County
may sell by private sale or convey for no consideration to the United States of	of America,
acting through the United States National Park Service, Department of the In	nterior, the
tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), u	under the
remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.	
(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general.	. The attorney
general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensur	e accuracy.
(c) The land to be sold is located in Washington County and is described	ed as:
(1) Parcel A (PIN 29.031.19.22.0001): Section 29, Township 31, Range	ge 19,
Government Lot 5;	
(2) Parcel B (PIN 20.031.19.22.0001): Section 20, Township 31, Range	ge 19,
Government Lot 5;	
(3) Parcel C (PIN 17.031.19.32.0001): Section 17, Township 31, Range	ge 19,
Government Lot 4;	
(4) Parcel D (PIN 18.032.19.11.0001): Section 18, Township 32, Range	ge 19 <u>,</u>
Government Lot 2; and	
(5) Parcel E (PIN 18.032.19.14.0001): Section 18, Township 32, Range	ge 19 <u>,</u>
Government Lot 3.	

79.1	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would
79.2	best be served if the lands were sold or conveyed to the United States of America and
79.3	managed by the National Park Service.
79.4	Sec. 40. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
79.5	WATER; WASHINGTON COUNTY.
79.6	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1,
79.7	and the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, Washington County
79.8	may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in
79.9	paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.
79.10	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney
79.11	general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
79.12	(c) The land to be sold is located in Washington County and is described as: Parcel
79.13	A (PIN 09.032.21.43.0070): Lot 8, Block 3, excepting therefrom the East 200 feet thereof
79.14	of Skoglund's Park Addition, as surveyed and platted and now on file and of record in the
79.15	Office of the Registrar of Titles of said County of Washington, State of Minnesota.
79.16	(d) The sale would be to an adjacent landowner and the Department of Natural
79.17	Resources has determined that the land is not appropriate for the department to manage.
79.18	The county may split the parcel described in paragraph (c), as allowed in Minnesota
79.19	Statutes, section 282.01, and sell the resulting parcels if the county finds a split to be
79.20	advantageous for the purpose of sale.
79.21	Sec. 41. CONVEYANCE OF DRAINAGE DISTRICT LAND; WINONA
79.22	COUNTY.
79.23	The Rushford Area Drainage and Conservancy District, established by order of
79.24	the Tenth Judicial District Court on February 20, 1953, was terminated on January 1,
79.25	1988, by Laws 1987, chapter 239, section 140. The land that was owned by the Rushford
79.26	Area Drainage and Conservancy District in Winona County is now owned by the state
79.27	of Minnesota and is hereby transferred to the commissioner of natural resources for
79.28	administration and management for conservation purposes.
79.29	Sec. 42. <u>DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS.</u>
79.30	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.055, subdivision 1, the proceeds
79.31	resulting from the 2010 sale of a transportation road easement on the Lamprey Pass
79.32	Wildlife Management Area to construct a road overpass on County Road 83 in Washington

S.F. No. 3275, 2nd Engrossment - 86th Legislative Session (2009-2010) [s3275	S.F. No.	3275, 2nd Engrossme	nt - 86th Legislative	Session	(2009-2010)	Is3275-2
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	County shall be deposited in the land acquisition account, established under Minnesota
	Statutes, section 94.165.
	Sec. 43. EFFECTIVE DATE.
	Sections 10 to 41 are effective the day following final enactment.
	ARTICLE 5
	ENERGY
	Section 1. [116C.7791] SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE REBATE
	PROGRAM.
	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> For the purpose of this section, the following terms
	have the meaning given.
	(a) "Installation" means an array of solar photovoltaic modules attached to a building
	that will use the electricity generated by the solar photovoltaic modules or placed on a
	facility or property proximate to that building.
	(b) "Manufactured" means the material production of solar photovoltaic modules,
	including the tabbing, stringing, and lamination processes or any existing Minnesota
	manufacturer that produces the interconnection of low-voltage solar photo-active elements
-	so as to produce the final useful photovoltaic output.
	(c) "Qualified owner" means an owner of a residence, multifamily residence,
1	business, or publicly owned building located in the assigned service area of the utility
1	subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, but does not include an entity engaged in
	the business of generating or selling electricity at retail, or an unregulated subsidiary of
	such an entity.
	(d) "Solar photovoltaic module" means the smallest, nondivisible, self-contained
	physical structure housing interconnected photovoltaic cells and providing a single direct
	current of electrical output.
	Subd. 2. Establishment. The commissioner of commerce shall establish a program
	consistent with this section to provide rebates to a qualified owner for installing solar
	photovoltaic modules manufactured in Minnesota after December 31, 2009.
	Subd. 3. Rebate eligibility. (a) To be eligible for a rebate under this section, a
	solar module:
	(1) must be manufactured in Minnesota;
	(2) must be installed as part of a system whose generating capacity does not exceed
	100 kilowatts;

(3) must be certified by Underwriters Laboratory, or must have received the ETL
listed mark from Intertek, or must have an equivalent certification from an independent
testing agency;
(4) may or may not be connected to a utility grid;
(5) must be installed by a person certified as a solar photovoltaic installer by the
North American Board of Certified Energy Practitioners; and
(6) may not be used to sell, transmit, or distribute the electrical energy at retail and
may not provide for end use from an off-site facility of the electrical energy. On-site
generation is allowed to the extent provided for in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.1611.
(b) To be eligible for a rebate under this section, an applicant must have applied for
and been awarded a rebate or other form of financial assistance available exclusively to
owners of properties on which solar photovoltaic modules are installed that is offered by:
(1) the utility serving the property on which the solar photovoltaic modules are to
be installed; or
(2) this state, under an authority other than this section.
(c) An applicant who is otherwise ineligible for a rebate under paragraph (b) is
eligible if the applicant's failure to be awarded a rebate or other form of financial assistance
is due solely to a lack of available funds from a utility or the state.
Subd. 4. Rebate amount and payment. (a) The amount of a rebate under
this section is the difference between the sum of all rebates described in subdivision
3, paragraph (b), awarded to the applicant and an amount not to exceed \$5 per watt of
installed generating capacity.
(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the amount of all rebates or other forms of
financial assistance from a utility and the state, net of applicable federal income taxes
applied at the highest applicable income tax rates, including any rebate paid under this
section, shall not exceed 60 percent of the total installed cost.
(c) Rebates must be awarded to eligible applicants beginning July 1, 2010.
(d) The rebate must be paid out proportionately in five consecutive annual
installments.
Subd. 5. Rebate program funding. (a) The following amounts must be allocated
from the renewable development account established in section 116C.779 to the
commissioner of commerce and are appropriated for the solar photovoltaic module rebate
program in this section:
(1) \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2011;
(2) \$4,000,000 in fiscal year 2012;
(3) \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2013;

82.1	(4) \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2014; and
82.2	(5) \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2015.
82.3	(b) The amounts allocated are available until the money is expended.
82.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
82.5	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.437, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
82.6	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For the purpose of this section, the following terms
82.7	have the meanings given.
82.8	(b) "Green economy" means products, processes, methods, technologies, or services
82.9	intended to do one or more of the following:
82.10	(1) increase the use of energy from renewable sources, including through achieving
82.11	the renewable energy standard established in section 216B.1691;
82.12	(2) achieve the statewide energy-savings goal established in section 216B.2401,
82.13	including energy savings achieved by the conservation investment program under section
82.14	216B.241;
82.15	(3) achieve the greenhouse gas emission reduction goals of section 216H.02,
82.16	subdivision 1, including through reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, as defined in
82.17	section 216H.01, subdivision 2, or mitigation of the greenhouse gas emissions through,
82.18	but not limited to, carbon capture, storage, or sequestration;
82.19	(4) monitor, protect, restore, and preserve the quality of surface waters, including
82.20	actions to further the purposes of the Clean Water Legacy Act as provided in section
82.21	114D.10, subdivision 1; <del>or</del>
82.22	(5) expand the use of biofuels, including by expanding the feasibility or reducing the
82.23	cost of producing biofuels or the types of equipment, machinery, and vehicles that can
82.24	use biofuels, including activities to achieve the biofuels 25 by 2025 initiative in sections
82.25	41A.10, subdivision 2, and 41A.11; or
82.26	(6) increase the use of green chemistry, as defined in section 116.9401.
82.27	For the purpose of clause (3), "green economy" includes strategies that reduce carbon
82.28	emissions, such as utilizing existing buildings and other infrastructure, and utilizing mass
82.29	transit or otherwise reducing commuting for employees.
82.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
82.31	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 216B.62, is amended by adding a subdivision
82.32	to read:

Subd. 3a. Supplemental staffing assessment. In addition to other assessments in
subdivision 3, the commission may assess up to \$800,000 per year for supplemental
staffing to implement requirements of this chapter. The amount in this subdivision shall
be assessed to the several public utilities in proportion to their respective gross operating
revenues from retail sales of gas or electric service within the state during the last calendar
year, shall be deposited into an account in the special revenue fund, and appropriated to
the commission. An assessment made under this subdivision is not subject to the cap on
assessments provided in subdivision 3 or any other law.

Sec. 4. Laws 2009, chapter 37, article 2, section 13, is amended to read:

# Sec. 13. APPROPRIATIONS; CANCELLATIONS.

- (a) The remaining balance of the fiscal year 2009 special revenue fund appropriation for the Green Jobs Task Force under Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 6, section 3, subdivision 4, is transferred and appropriated to the commissioner of employment and economic development for the purposes of green enterprise assistance under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.438. This appropriation is available until spent.
- (b) The unencumbered balance of the fiscal year 2008 appropriation to the commissioner of commerce for the rural and energy development revolving loan fund under Laws 2007, chapter 57, article 2, section 3, subdivision 6, is canceled and reappropriated to the commissioner of commerce as follows:
- (1) \$1,500,000 is for a grant to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities for the International Renewable Energy Technology Institute (IRETI) to be located at Minnesota State University, Mankato, as a public and private partnership to support applied research in renewable energy and energy efficiency to aid in the transfer of technology from Sweden to Minnesota and to support technology commercialization from companies located in Minnesota and throughout the world; and
- (2) the remaining balance is for a grant to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the initiative for renewable energy and the environment to fund start up costs related to a national solar testing and certification laboratory to test, rate, and certify the performance of equipment and devices that utilize solar energy for heating and cooling air and water and for generating electricity.
- This appropriation is available until expended.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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84.1	Sec. 5. <u>NEIGHBORHOOD ENERGY PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTATION</u>
84.2	PROCESS.
84.3	Subdivision 1. Project. The utility subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779,
84.4	shall transfer \$80,000 from the renewable development account established under that
84.5	section to the commissioner of commerce, who shall deposit it in the special revenue
84.6	fund for a grant to the Clean Energy Resource Team serving the Twin Cities to organize
84.7	and implement a community planning process that will produce and implement a
84.8	comprehensive plan to promote investments in energy conservation and renewable energy
84.9	in the following Minnesota neighborhoods:
84.10	(1) a neighborhood located within one mile of a below-grade bike and walking path
84.11	more than four miles long that connects with other bike paths along a river, and whose
84.12	population density exceeds 8,000 persons per square mile; and
84.13	(2) a neighborhood that is south of Burlington Northern Santa Fe railway lines and
84.14	within one mile of a state trunk highway, located within one mile of a county border, that
84.15	connects two interstate highways that cross the same river.
84.16	The planning process must seek to maximize the participation of neighborhood building
84.17	owners and renters, businesses, churches, other neighborhood institutions, local hospitals,
84.18	the utility serving the neighborhood, and the city in which the neighborhoods are located.
84.19	The Clean Energy Resource Team shall contact representatives of similar successful
84.20	planning processes in other states to benefit from their experience and to learn about best
84.21	practices that can be replicated in Minnesota.
84.22	Subd. 2. Appropriation. \$80,000 from the money deposited in the special revenue
84.23	fund under subdivision 1 is appropriated to the commissioner of commerce for the

purposes of subdivision 1.

84.24

84.25

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

# APPENDIX Article locations in s3275-2

ARTICLE 1	CLEAN WATER FUND	Page.Ln 2.11
ARTICLE 2	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES	Page.Ln 4.13
ARTICLE 3	REORGANIZATION	Page.Ln 42.18
ARTICLE 4	STATE LANDS	Page.Ln 47.3
ARTICLE 5	ENERGY	Page Ln 80 5

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: s3275-2

#### 3.3006 APPLICATION.

The definitions of "enhance," "protect," and "restore" in section 84.02 apply to all funds appropriated and purposes authorized under the clean water fund, parks and trails fund, and outdoor heritage fund.

#### 84.02 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this chapter, the terms defined in this section shall have the meanings given them.

- Subd. 2. **Best management practice for native prairie restoration.** "Best management practice for native prairie restoration" means using seeds collected from a native prairie within the same county or within 25 miles of the county's border, but not across the boundary of an ecotype region.
- Subd. 3. **Created grassland.** "Created grassland" means a restoration using seeds or plants with origins outside of the state of Minnesota.
- Subd. 4. **Ecotype region.** "Ecotype region" means the following ecological subsections and counties based on the Department of Natural Resources map, "County Landscape Groupings Based on Ecological Subsections," dated February 15, 2007.

Ecotype Region Rochester Plateau, Blufflands, and Oak Savanna	Counties or portions thereof: Houston, Winona, Fillmore, Wabasha, Goodhue, Mower, Freeborn, Steele, Olmsted,	
Suvanna	Rice, Waseca, Dakota, Dodge	
Anoka Sand Plain, Big Woods, and St. Paul Baldwin Plains and Moraines	Anoka, Hennepin, Ramsey, Washington, Chisago, Scott, Carver, McLeod, Wright, Benton, Isanti, Le Sueur, Sherburne	
Inner Coteau and Coteau Moraines	Lincoln, Lyon, Pipestone, Rock, Murray, Nobles, Jackson, Cottonwood	
Red River Prairie (South)	Traverse, Wilkin, Clay, Becker	
Red River Prairie (North) and Aspen Parklands	Kittson, Roseau, Red Lake, Pennington, Marshall, Clearwater, Mahnomen, Polk, Norman	
Minnesota River Prairie (North)	Big Stone, Pope, Stevens, Grant, Swift, Chippewa, Meeker, Kandiyohi, Renville, Lac qui Parle, Yellow Medicine	
Minnesota River Prairie (South)	Nicollet, Redwood, Brown, Watonwan, Martin, Faribault, Blue Earth, Sibley	
Hardwood Hills	Douglas, Morrison, Otter Tail, Stearns, Todd	

- Subd. 4a. **Enhance.** "Enhance" means to improve in value, quality, and desirability in order to increase the ecological value of the land or water.
- Subd. 5. **Native prairie.** "Native prairie" means land that has never been plowed where native prairie vegetation originating from the site currently predominates or, if disturbed, is predominantly covered with native prairie vegetation that originated from the site. Unbroken pasture land used for livestock grazing can be considered native prairie if it has predominantly native vegetation originating from the site and conservation practices have maintained biological diversity.
- Subd. 6. **Native prairie species of a local ecotype.** "Native prairie species of a local ecotype" means a genetically differentiated population of a species that has at least one trait (morphological, biochemical, fitness, or phenological) that is evolutionarily adapted to local environmental conditions, notably plant competitors, pathogens, pollinators, soil microorganisms, growing season length, climate, hydrology, and soil.
- Subd. 6a. **Protect.** "Protect" means protect or preserve ecological systems to maintain active and healthy ecosystems and prevent future degradation including, but not limited to, purchase in fee or easement.
- Subd. 6b. **Restore.** "Restore" means renewing degraded, damaged, or destroyed ecosystems through active human intervention to achieve high-quality ecosystems.

### Repealed Minnesota Statutes: s3275-2

- Subd. 7. **Restored native prairie.** "Restored native prairie" means a restoration using at least 25 representative and biologically diverse native prairie plant species of a local ecotype originating in the same county as the restoration site or within 25 miles of the county's border, but not across the boundary of an ecotype region.
- Subd. 8. **Restored prairie.** "Restored prairie" means a restoration using at least 25 representative and biologically diverse native prairie plant species originating from the same ecotype region in which the restoration occurs.

# 90.172 ANNUAL REPORTS.

Subdivision 1. **Report to legislature.** The commissioner shall file an annual report on or before September 30 of each year with the Legislative Reference Library providing detailed information on all auctions and informal sales made in the previous fiscal year. The report shall include but not be limited to the names and addresses of all purchasers, volumes of timber purchased, species, appraised value and sale price. The commissioner shall make copies of the report available to the public upon request.

Subd. 2. **Report to Executive Council.** The commissioner shall report on or before September 30 of each year or more frequently, as required, to the state Executive Council concerning the status of the state timber sales and timber management program, including any special problems or changes occurring since the previous report.

#### 97B.665 IMPAIRMENT OF DRAINAGE BY BEAVER DAMS.

Subdivision 1. **Agreement by county board, landowner, and commissioner.** (a) When a drainage watercourse is impaired by a beaver dam, the commissioner shall take action to remove the impairment, if:

- (1) the county board unanimously consents;
- (2) the landowner approves;
- (3) the commissioner agrees; and
- (4) the action is financially feasible.
- (b) In a county with unanimous consent of the county board of commissioners and approval of the landowner, the department shall take action agreed to by unanimous consent of the county board, the commissioner, and the landowner. The action may include destruction or alteration of beaver dams and removal of beaver. This subdivision does not apply to state parks, state game refuges, and federal game refuges.

### 103G.295 IRRIGATION OF AGRICULTURAL LAND.

Subdivision 1. **Recommendation and information for waters of the state appropriation.** (a) If an application is made for a permit to irrigate agricultural land from waters of the state, the soil and water conservation district may make recommendations to the commissioner regarding the disposition of the application and its compatibility to a comprehensive soil and water conservation plan approved under section 103C.331, subdivision 11. The recommendations must be made within 30 days of the receipt of the application.

- (b) Within 30 days of receipt of the application, the commissioner may require additional specific information from the applicant.
- Subd. 2. **Issuance or denial of permit for appropriation from waters of the state.** After receiving all requested information, the commissioner must review the application and information, consider the soil and water conservation district's recommendations, and issue or deny the permit within 60 days. If the commissioner orders a hearing, the permit must be issued or denied within ten days after receiving the report of the hearing officer. For an application for a permit to irrigate agricultural land, failure of the commissioner to issue or deny a permit within the time specified under this subdivision is considered an order issuing the permit as applied for. The order is effective ten days after the applicant has given written notice to the commissioner stating an intention to proceed with the appropriation of water to irrigate agricultural land.
- Subd. 3. **Groundwater appropriation permit classification areas.** (a) Water use permit applications required for appropriation of groundwater for agricultural irrigation must be processed in the order received and designated as either class A or class B applications. Class A applications are for wells located in areas for which the commissioner has adequate groundwater availability data. Class B applications are for wells located in other areas.
- (b) The commissioner must evaluate available groundwater data, determine its adequacy, and designate class A and B application areas for the entire state. The commissioner shall request,

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obtain, and evaluate groundwater data from soil and water conservation districts, and where appropriate revise the class A and B application area designations.

- (c) The commissioner shall file a commissioner's order with the secretary of state defining class A and B application areas by county and township. Additional areas may be added by a later order of the commissioner.
- Subd. 4. **Class B permit requirements.** (a) Class B groundwater use permit applications are not complete until the applicant has supplied:
- (1) a summary of the anticipated well depth and subsurface geologic formation expected to be penetrated by the well, including for glacial drift aquifers, the logs of test holes drilled to locate the site of the proposed production well;
  - (2) the formation and aquifer expected to serve as the groundwater source;
  - (3) the maximum daily, seasonal, and annual pumpage expected;
- (4) the anticipated groundwater quality in terms of the measures of quality commonly specified for the proposed water use;
- (5) the results of a pumping test supervised by the commissioner or a designee of the commissioner, conducted at a rate not to exceed the proposed pumping rate for not more than 72 continuous hours for wells under water table conditions and not more than 24 continuous hours for wells under artesian conditions; and
- (6) when the area of influence of the proposed well is determined, the location of existing wells within the area of influence that were reported according to section 103I.205, subdivision 9, together with readily available facts on depths, geologic formations, pumping and nonpumping water levels, and details of well construction as related to the water well construction code.
- (b) The commissioner may in any specific application waive any requirements of paragraph (a), clauses (4) to (6), or (c) if the necessary data are already available.
- (c) Before, during, and after the pumping test required in paragraph (a), clause (5), the commissioner shall require monitoring of water levels in one observation well located at a distance from the pumping well that the commissioner has reason to believe may be affected by the new appropriation. The permit applicant is responsible for costs of the pumping tests and monitoring in the observation well. The applicant is responsible for the construction of one observation well if suitable existing wells cannot be located for this purpose. If the commissioner determines that more than one observation well is needed, the commissioner shall instruct the applicant to install and monitor more observation wells. The commissioner shall reimburse the applicant for these added costs.
- Subd. 5. **Issuance of permits for groundwater appropriation.** The commissioner may issue water use permits for irrigation appropriation from groundwater only if the commissioner determines that:
- (1) proposed soil and water conservation measures are adequate based on recommendations of the soil and water conservation districts; and
- (2) water supply is available for the proposed use without reducing water levels beyond the reach of vicinity wells constructed in accordance with the water well construction code in Minnesota Rules, parts 4725.1900 to 4725.6500.

### 103G.650 RECOVERING SUNKEN LOGS ON INLAND WATERS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) Unless the language or context clearly indicates that a different meaning is indicated, the following terms, for the purposes of this section, shall have the meanings given to them.

- (b) "District office" means the office of the area forest supervisor, unless otherwise stipulated in a lease issued under this section.
- (c) "Inland waters" means navigable bodies of water within the boundaries of this state, excluding boundary lakes and boundary rivers.
- (d) "Log" means a portion of the trunk of a felled tree that has not been further processed for any end use.
  - (e) "Officer" means a forest officer, conservation officer, or other peace officer.
- (f) "Person" means a natural person, including a person acting in a representative capacity, or a corporation, firm, or association of whatever nature or kind.
  - (g) "Submerged lands" means beds of navigable waters below the low-water mark.
- Subd. 2. **Title to sunken logs and historical artifacts.** Notwithstanding section 16B.25, title and ownership of a log or historical artifact that rests for more than one year on submerged land owned by the state in inland waters is considered abandoned property that has forfeited to the state.

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- Subd. 3. **Application to remove sunken logs.** A person who wishes to raise and remove logs that are resting on submerged lands owned by the state and that are located in inland waters shall make application to the commissioner for a lease. A person may not hold more than three leases at one time. Each lease must be for a specific lake or river. A resident applicant shall include with the application a fee of \$500. A nonresident applicant shall include a fee of \$2,500. The applicant shall:
  - (1) identify the inland lake or river where the logs will be raised;
- (2) identify the submerged land area requested for the lease by providing the section, township, and range in which the inland water is located;
- (3) specify the methods to be used in raising the sunken logs, including any techniques with the potential to disturb lake bed material;
- (4) provide evidence of a general liability insurance policy that names the state as a coinsured party and that is in force for the lease with limits of at least \$300,000 per occurrence and \$1,000,000 in aggregate; and
  - (5) include any additional information required by the commissioner.
- Subd. 4. **Review of applications.** The commissioner shall review and approve applications in order by time and date received to prevent two or more applications being approved for the same lease. The commissioner shall immediately notify the Minnesota Historical Society of each application received. The commissioner shall publish notice of each application in the State Register and allow 30 days for public comment. Within 60 days after the time date stamp of receipt, the commissioner shall either approve, modify and approve, or deny an application. In determining whether to approve an application, the commissioner shall consider:
  - (1) whether the project requires a permit under section 103G.245;
  - (2) whether the proposed project may affect public rights in navigable waters;
- (3) whether the proposed project is subject to any requirements arising under federal law; and
- (4) whether the project meets ecological criteria for protection of fish, wildlife, and native plants and their habitats.
- Subd. 5. **Lease terms.** (a) The terms and conditions in this subdivision must be specified in leases issued under this section.
- (b) A lease is effective for three years and is not transferable. A lease may be renewed within 90 days of expiration for a fee of \$50.
- (c) Within one year after the effective date of the lease, the lessee shall commence operations to recover the logs covered by the lease or the lease must be canceled.
- (d) The lease must specify the lake or river where the sunken logs may be raised. No lake or river may be covered by more than one lease under this section unless the water body is located in more than one county, in which case one lease may be issued in each county.
- (e) The lessee shall comply with all conditions attached to the lease by the commissioner to protect the public rights in navigable water, ensure compliance with federal requirements, and protect aquatic habitats.
- (f) The lessee shall only recover logs that are submerged at a water depth of 20 feet or more. The lessee is entitled to ownership of only the sunken logs recovered during the time covered by the lease from submerged lands described in the lease.
- (g) The location where the recovered logs are deposited on shore is subject to approval by the commissioner but in no case may the operations interfere with the public's use of public accesses.
- (h) The lessee shall plainly place the number of the lease on all logs recovered to adequately identify the logs from the time they are hauled onto shore until they are delivered to the manufacturing facility where they will be processed.
- (i) The commissioner reserves the right to revoke the lease for failure to follow the terms and conditions of the lease.
- (j) The only acceptable method of recovery is by winching so as to minimize disturbance of lake or riverbed material.
- (k) The commissioner shall bill the lessee for the value of the recovered logs based on a rate of 25 percent of the weighted average selling price for all logs sold from state lands for the preceding 12 months.
- (1) If the commissioner determines that use of the lease area will interfere with the present or future management objectives of the commissioner, a lease may be canceled upon 21 business days' written notice from the commissioner to the lessee.
- (m) The lessee shall indemnify the commissioner against all claims, damages, costs, and expenses, including attorney fees, arising either from reclamation or from any negligence on the part of the lessee.

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- (n) All divers used in recovery must be certified by the National Association of Scuba Diving Schools or the Professional Association of Diving Instructors.
- (o) A lessee must notify personnel at the appropriate department district office five working days before raising submerged logs.
- (p) The commissioner and staff have access to leased premises, recovery vehicles, and land vehicles for inspection at any and all reasonable times. Failure to comply must result in immediate suspension of recovery and loss of the lease.
- (q) It is the responsibility of the lessee to notify the Minnesota Historical Society before commencing log removal. Upon locating historic items, the lessee must notify the Minnesota Historical Society within one business day. The historical society shall then make a determination on the disposition of the items found. The staff of the historical society shall have access to leased premises, recovery vehicles, and land vehicles for inspection at any and all reasonable times. Failure to comply must result in immediate and permanent suspension of all leases held by the lessee.
  - (r) An officer shall enforce the terms and conditions of a lease issued under this section.
- (s) If the lessee finds what the lessee reasonably believes to be a pollutant or contaminant, the lessee shall contact the Pollution Control Agency within 24 hours.
- (t) If the lessee recovers a log with an American Indian tribal mark or brand, the lessee shall notify the nearest tribal government authority within five business days.
- Subd. 6. **Disposition of revenue.** Money collected under this section must be deposited in the state treasury and credited as follows:
  - (1) application fees must be credited to the general fund;
- (2) lease proceeds must be credited to the game and fish fund, unless the submerged lands are permanent school fund lands; and
- (3) lease proceeds for leases of submerged lands that are permanent school fund lands must be credited to the permanent school fund.
- Subd. 7. **Penalties.** (a) Recovery of sunken logs that are removed from submerged lands without a lease issued by the commissioner under this section is trespass as defined in section 90.301.
- (b) After the first offense under this subdivision, a person may not apply for or work under a lease issued under this section to remove sunken logs for a period of one year.
- (c) After the second offense under this subdivision, a person may not apply for or work under a lease issued under this section to remove sunken logs.